Syllabus for Autonomous Batch 2019-2023

B. TECH

**Computer Science and Engineering** 

INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT

			Semester III (Secor	nd year] C	urriculum			
SI	Туре	Code	Course Title		Hours	per week		Credi
N o.	of cour se			Lectu re	Tutori al	Practica I	Sessio nal	ts
		I	Theory	Papers				1
1	Basic Science Course	BSC301	Mathematics-III (Differential Calculus)	3	0	0	0	3
2	Engineerin g Science Course	ESC301	Digital System Design	3	0	0	0	3
3	Engineerin g Science Course	ESC302	Computer Organization & Architecture	3	0	0	0	3
4	Professio nal Core Course	PCCCS 3 01	Data Structure & Algorithm	3	0	0	0	3
5	Professio nal Core Course	PCCCS 3 02	Discrete Mathematics	3	0	0	0	3
6	Humanit ies and social scienc es includin g Managem ent	HSMC 30 1	Humanities – I (Constitution of India, Essence of India and Knowledge Trading)	2	0	0	0	0
7	Humanit ies and social scienc es includin g Managem ent	HSMC 30 2	Essential Studies for Professionals - III	2	0	0	0	2
		Tot		19	0	0	0	17
		al		al Papers	1	I		1
1	Engineerin g Science Course	ESC391	Digital System Design	0	0	3	0	1.5
2	Engineerin g Science Course	ESC392	Computer Organization & Architecture	0	0	3	0	1.5
3	Professio nal Core Course	PCCCS 3 91	Data Structure & Algorithm	0	0	3	0	1.5
	Tot al			0	0	9	0	4.5

	Sessional Papers									
1	Professio nal Core Course	PCCCS 3 81	Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning Fundamentals	0	0	0	3	1.5		
2	Humanitie s and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 38 2	Skill Development for Professionals - III	0	0	0	2	1		
3	Project	PROJC S 381	Innovative Project – I	0	0	0	0	1		

	Mandator							
4	y Additional Requireme nts (MAR)	MAR38 1	Mandatory Additional Requirements (MAR)	0	0	0	0	0
5	MOOCs (Mandato ry for	MOO Cs 32 1	Massive Open Online Course 3.1 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	2	2
6	Honours)	MOO Cs 32 2	Massive Open Online Course 3.2 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	2	2
		To al		0	0	0	9	7.5
		To al	t	19	0	9	9	29
		ai	Semester IV (Seco	nd year] Cu	ırriculum			
SI	Туре	Code	Course Title	Hours per week				Credi ts
N o.	of cour se	Code	Course little	Lectu re	Tutori al	Practica I	Sessio nal	
			Theory	y Papers		•		
1	Professio nal Core Courses	ESC401	Analog Electronic Circuits	3	0	0	0	3
2	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 4 01	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	0	3
3	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 4 02	Operating Systems	3	0	0	0	3
4	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 4 03	IT Workshop	1	0	0	0	0.5
5	Humaniti es & Social Sciences including Managem ent courses	HS M C 40 1	Humanities-I (Technical Report Writing)	3	0	0	0	3
6	Humanitie s and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 40 2	Essential Studies for Professionals - IV	2	0	0	0	2
7	Humaniti es &Social Sciences including Managem	HS M C	Managemen t 1 (Organizatio nal Behaviour)	3	0	0	0	3

	ent courses	40 3						
8	Mandat ory Course s	MC401	Environmental Sciences	2	0	0	0	0
		Tot al	t	20	0	0	0	17.5
			Practica	al Papers				
1	Professio nal Core Courses	ESC491	Analog Electronic Circuits Lab	0	0	3	0	1.5
2	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 4 91	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab	0	0	3	0	1.5

		1		1	1	1		
3	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 4 92	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	3	0	1.5
4	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 4 93	IT Workshop Lab	0	0	3	0	1.5
		To		0	0	12	0	6
		al		nal Papers				
1	Humaniti es and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 48 2	Skill Development for Professionals - IV	0	0	0	2	1
2	Innovat ive Projec t	PROJ CS 481	Innovative Project – II (Problem Solving Approaches using Design Patterns)	0	0	0	0	0.5
3	Mandator y Additional Requireme nts (MAR)	MAR48 1	Mandatory Additional Requirements (MAR)- IV	0	0	0	0	0
4	MOOCs (Mandato ry for	MOO Cs 42 1	Massive Open Online Course 4.1 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	1	1
5	Honours)	MOO Cs 42 2	Massive Open Online Course 4.2 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	1	1.5
		To al		0	0	0	4	4
		Tot	t	20	0	14	4	27.5
		al	Semester V (Thir				•	
SI	Туре	Cada				per week		Credi
•	of	Code	Course Title	Loctu	Tutori	Practica	Cossia	ts
N o.	cour se			Lectu re	al	Practica I	Sessio nal	
		ł	Theor	y Papers		•	I	
1	Engineerin g Science Course	ESC501	Signals & Systems	3	0	0	0	3
2	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 5 01	Database Managemen t Systems	3	0	0	0	3
3	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 5 02	Formal Language & Automata Theory	3	0	0	0	3
4	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 5 03	Object Oriented	2	0	0	0	2

			Programmi ng					
5	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 5 04	Software Engineering	2	0	0	0	2
6	Humaniti es &Social Sciences including Managem ent courses	HSMC 50 1	Humanitie s II (Principles of Managem ent)	3	0	0	0	3

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7	Profession al Elective courses Humanitie	PECCS 5 01	Professional Elective-I	3	0	0	0	3
8	s and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 50 2	Essential Studies for Professionals - V	2	0	0	0	2
		To al		21	0	0	0	21
		u		al Papers				
1	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 5 91	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	4	0	2
2	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 5 93	Object Oriented Programming Lab	0	0	4	0	2
3	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 5 94	Software Engineeri ng Lab	0	0	2	0	1
		To al		0	0	10	0	5
			Session	nal Papers			•	
1	Humaniti es and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 58 2	Skill Development for Professionals - V	0	0	0	2	1
2	Innovative Project	PROJC S 501	Innovative Project - III	0	0	0	0	1
3	Mandator y Additional Requireme nts (MAR)	MAR58 1	Mandatory Additional Requirements (MAR)-V	0	0	0	0	0
4	MOOCs (Mandato ry for	MOO Cs 52 1	Massive Open Online Course 5.1 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	1	1
5	Honours)	MOO Cs 52 2	Massive Open Online Course 5.2 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	1	1
		Tot al		0	0	0	4	4

		Tot al		21	0	10	4	30
			Semester VI (Thir	d year] Cur	riculum			
SI	. of Code Course Title				Hours	per week		Credi ts
N o.	cour se			Lectu re	Tutori al	Practica I	Sessio nal	
			Theory	Papers				
1	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 6 01	Compiler Design	3	0	0	0	3
2	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 6 02	Computer Networks	3	0	0	0	3

3	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 6 03	Cloud Computing & IoT	2	0	0	0	2
4	Profession al Elective courses	PECCS 6 01	Professional Elective- II	3	0	0	0	3
5	Profession al Elective courses	PECCS 6 02	Professional Elective- III	3	0	0	0	3
6	Ope n Electi ve cour ses	OECCS 6 01	Open Elective-I	3	0	0	0	3
7	Humanitie s and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 60 2	Essential Studies for Professionals - VI	2	0	0	0	2
		To <sup>r</sup> al		19	0	0	0	19
				al Papers				
1	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 6 91	Compiler Design Lab	0	0	4	0	2
2	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 6 92	Computer Network s Lab	0	0	4	0	2
3	Professio nal Core Courses	PCCCS 6 93	Cloud Computing & IoT Lab	0	0	2	0	1
4	Innovat ive Projec t	PROJ CS 601	Project-1	0	0	6	0	3
		To al		0	0	16	0	8
		di		nal Papers	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
1	Humaniti es and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 68 2	Skill Development for Professionals - VI	0	0	0	2	1
2	Mandator y Additional Requireme nts (MAR)	MAR68 1	Mandatory Additional Requirements (MAR)- VI	0	0	0	0	0

3	MOOCs (Mandato ry for	MOO Cs 62 1	Massive Open Online Course 6.1 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	1	.5
4	Honours)	MOO Cs 62 2	Massive Open Online Course 6.2 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	1	1
		To al		0	0	0	4	2.5
	Tot al			19	0	16	4	29.5

			Semester VII (Fou	rth year] Cu	urriculum			
SI	Туре	Code	Course Title			per week		Credi
N o.	of cour			Lecture	Tutorial	Practi cal	Sessional	ts
0.	se		Theory	y Papers				
1	Professio nal Elective courses	PCCCS 7 01	Network Security & Cryptography	2	0	0	0	2
2	Professio nal Elective courses	PECCS 7 01	Professional Elective- IV	3	0	0	0	3
3	Professio nal Elective courses	PECCS 7 02	Professional Elective-V	3	0	0	0	3
4	Open Electi ve cours es	OECCS 7 01	Open Elective-II	3	0	0	0	3
5	Humanitie s and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 70 2	Essential Studies for Professionals - VII	2	0	0	0	2
		То	t	13	0	0	0	13
		a		al Danara				
			Practic	al Papers				
1	Innovat ive Project	PROJ CS 701	Project-II	0	0	12	0	6
			Session	al Papers				
1	Humanitie s and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 78 2	Skill Development for Professionals - VII	0	0	0	2	1
2	Mandator y Additional Requireme nts (MAR)	MAR78 1	Mandatory Additional Requirements (MAR) -VII	0	0	0	0	0
3	MOOCs	MOO Cs 72 1	Massive Open Online Course 7.1 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	3	3

4	(Mandato ry for Honours)	MOO Cs 72 2	Massive Open Online Course 7.2 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	2	2
		To <sup>:</sup> al	-	0	0	0	7	6
	Tot			13	0	12	7	25
		al						
			Semester VIII (Fou	rth year] C	urriculum			
SI	Туре	Code	Course Title		Hours	per week		Credi
•	of				1	r	1	ts
Ν	cour			Lecture	Tutorial	Practi	Sessional	
о.	se					cal		

			Theor	ry Papers				
1	Professio nal Elective courses	PECCS 8 01	Professional Elective- VI	3	0	0	0	3
2	Open OECCS Open Elective-III Electi ve cours OECCS 0 Open Elective-III Open Elective		3	0	0	0	3	
3	es Open Electi ve cours es	OECCS 8 02	Open Elective-IV	3	0	0	0	3
4	Humaniti es and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 80 2	Essential Studies for Professionals - VIII	2	0	0	0	2
Tot			11	0	0	0	11	
	1			cal Papers	I		I	
1	Innovat ive Project	PROJ CS 801	Project-III	0	0	12	0	6
	Tot al			0	0	12	0	6
				mous Papers	5		1	
1	Humaniti es and social sciences including Managem ent	HSMC 88 2	Skill Development for Professionals - VIII	0	0	0	2	1
2	Mandator y Additional Requireme nts (MAR)	MAR88 1	Mandatory Additional Requirements (MAR)- VIII	0	0	0	0	0
3	MOOCs (Mandato	MOO Cs 82 1	Massive Open Online Course 8.1 (Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))	0	0	0	3	3
4	ry for Honours)	MOO Cs	Massive Open Online Course 8.2	0	0	0	2	2

		82 2	(Mandatory for B.Tech (Honours))					
5	Grand viva	PC C- CS8 81	Grand Viva-voce	0	0	0	0	2
	Tot al			11	0	0	7	8

Tot al	1 1	0	12	7	25
Total Credit Points					166

### **PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES**

Computer System Design	Data Science (B)	Computer Vision (C)	Cryptography and BlockChain
(A)			(D)
VLSI	Soft Computing	Computer Graphics	Cyber Security
Graph Theory	Natural	Web and	Digital Forensics
	Language	Internet	
	Processing	Technology	
Embedded Systems	Data Mining	Image Processing	Mobile Computing
Real Time OS	Pattern Recognition	Principles of	Introduction to BlockChain
		Computer Vision	
Parallel Computing	Data Analytics	Augmented Reality	Data Encryption
		and Virtual Reality	and Compression

### **OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES**

Quantum Computation and Quantum InformationHistory of Science & EngineeringEnterprise SystemsSoft Skills and Interpersonal CommunicationSocial Network AnalysisIntroduction to Philosophical ThoughtsCyber Law, IPR and EthicsEconomic Policies in India

# 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester

Course Name: Mathematics-III (Differential Calculus) Course Code: BSC301 Semester: 3 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

## Module 1[8L]

Multivariate Calculus (Integration): Multiple Integration: Double integrals (Cartesian), change of order of integration in double integrals, change of variables (Cartesian to Polar), Applications: Areas and volumes, Center of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities); Triple integrals (Cartesian); Vector line Integral, Vector surface Integral, Theorems of Green, Gauss & Stokes (statement only) and related problems.

## Module 2[8L]

Complex Variables: Differentiation of complex functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate; elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithmic) and their properties; Conformal mappings, Mobius transformations and their properties. Contour integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem (without proof), Cauchy Integral formula (without proof), Taylor's series & Laurent's series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Poles, Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof), Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine.

## Module 3[8L]

Descriptive Statistics Central Tendencies: Measures of Central tendency- Mean, Median & Mode and the empirical relation among them. Calculation of Mean, Median & Mode for simple and grouped data - Related problems. Dispersion: Measures of Dispersion- Mean deviation, Standard deviation and Variance – their properties - Related problems. Moments: Moments (central & raw),  $\Box$  1 &  $\Box$  2 coefficients - Skewness and Kurtosis – Related problems.

Bivariate Frequency Distribution: Concept of Correlation and Regression. Correlation coefficient - its properties, Rank Correlation, lines of Regression, Regression coefficients their properties - Related problems. Theory of Probability: Basic terminology, Classical & Axiomatic definition of probability, Some elementary deductions- 0 P( A) 1, P( A) 1 P( A) etc., Addition rule for two events (proof) & three events (statement only) - Related problems, Concept of Conditional probability, Multiplication rule of probability, Bayes' theorem (statement only)-related problems, Independent events – properties and related problems.

## Module 4[8L]

Random variables & Theoretical distributions (Discrete & Continuous): Definition of Random variables (Discrete & Continuous). Probability mass function, Probability density function & Distribution function for a single variable & their properties. Expectation and variance of a random variable. Related problems. Discrete theoretical distributions-Binomial distribution-its pmf, mean & variance. Poisson distribution its pmf, mean & variance. Poisson distribution as a limiting form of the Binomial distribution. Related problems Continuous theoretical distributions-Uniform distribution-its pdf, mean & variance. Exponential distribution-its pdf, mean & variance. Normal distribution-its pdf, mean & variance. Standard normal variate and its distribution. Related problems.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons.

2. B.S.Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 43 rd Edition.

3. B.Basu Mallik & Krishanu Deyasi, Engineering Mathematics-2B, Cengage Learning.

4. Michael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Pearson

5. Jain & Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa.

6. H.K.Dass, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Sultan Chand.

7. S. Ross, A First Course in Probability, Pearson Education India

8. Gupta & Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand & Sons

9. Miller & Freund's, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, Pearson Education.

10. Spiegel M R., Schiller J.J. and Srinivasan R.A.: Probability and Statistics

(Schaum's Outline Series), TMH.

11. John E. Freund, Ronald E. Walpole, Mathematical Statistics, Prentice Hall.

## Course Outcomes (CO):

**CO1:** Identify different tools of differentiation and integration of functions of a complex variable that are used with various other techniques for solving engineering problems.

**CO2:** Illustrate the ideas of probability and random variables, various discrete and continuous probability distributions with their properties and their applications in the physical and engineering environment.

**CO3:** Categorize statistical tools for analyzing data samples and apply linear regression models in practice, and identify situations where linear regression is appropriate.

**CO4:** Interpret the ideas of bi-variate distributions with their properties and the applications in physical and engineering environments.

Course Name: Digital System Design Course Code: ESC301 Semester: 3 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

## Module 1 [9L]

Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra (recapitulation);

BCD, ASCII, EBCDIC, Gray codes and their conversions;

Signed binary number representation with 1's and 2's complement methods; Binary arithmetic, Venn diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation); Representation in SOP and POS forms Minimization of logic expressions by KMAP Quine-McCluskey Minimization Technique (Tabular Method) Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra (recapitulation) BCD, ASCII, EBCDIC, Gray codes and their conversions Signed binary number representation with 1's and 2's complement methods Binary arithmetic, Venn diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation) Representation in SOP and POS forms Minimization of logic expressions by KMAP Quine-McCluskey Minimization Technique (Tabular Method)

### Module 2 [11L]

Combinational circuits - Adder and Subtractor circuits (half & full adder & subtractor)

Encoder, Decoder, Comparator, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer and Parity Generator

#### Module 3 [10L]

Sequential Circuits - Basic Flip-flop & Latch

Flip-flops - SR, JK, D, T and JK Master-slave Flip Flops

Registers (SISO, SIPO, PIPO, PISO)

Ring counter, Johnson counter

Basic concept of Synchronous and Asynchronous counters (detail design of circuits

excluded),

Design of Mod N Counter

### Module 4 [6L]

A/D and D/A conversion techniques – Basic concepts (D/A: R-2-R only A/D:

successive approximation )

Logic families- TTL, ECL, MOS and CMOS - basic concepts.

#### Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Digital Logic Design by Morris Mano - PHI

2. Digital Electronics by S. Salivahanan, S. Arivazhagan-OXFORD

3. Digital Electronics by P.Raja - Scitech Publications

4. Digital Fundamentals by Floyed & Jain -Pearson.

5. Microelectronics Engineering by Sedra & Smith-Oxford.

6. Principles of Electronic Devices & circuits by B L Thereja & Sedha, S Chand

Digital Electronics, Kharate –Oxford

## **Course Outcomes (CO):**

CO1: Students would be able to convert from one number system to another, work out and

design problems related to Boolean algebra, minimization etc.

CO2: Have the ability to identify basic requirements for a design application and propose a costeffective solution.

CO3: Have the ability to understand, analyse and design various combinational and sequential circuits.

CO4: Have the ability to understand, analyse and design various A/D D/A conversion techniques

Course Name: Comp	outer Organization & Architecture
Course Code: ESCCS302	
Semester: 3	
Contact Hours: L-T-P	2: 3-0-0
Credits: 3	
Prerequisite:	Digital
Electronics Module 1 [7L]	

Introduction to computer organisation & architecture; Basic organization of the stored program computer and operation sequence for execution of a program. Role of operating systems and compiler/assembler. Fetch, decode and execute cycle, Concept of operator, operand, registers and storage, Instruction format. Instruction sets and addressing modes; Quantitative techniques in computer design – Part1; Introduction to RISC architectures. RISC vs CISC architectures

## Module 2 [8L]

Commonly used number systems. Fixed and floating-point representation of numbers; Concept of Overflow and Underflow. Design of adders - ripple carry and carry look ahead principles. Fixed point multiplication - Unsigned and Signed - Booth's algorithm. Fixed point division - Restoring and non-restoring algorithms. Floating point - IEEE 754 standard. Design of ALU. Design of control unit - hardwired and microprogrammed control. Introduction to Von-Neumann & Harvard Architecture.

## Module 3 [8L]

Memory organization, static and dynamic memory, memory hierarchy, associative memory. Hierarchical memory technology: Inclusion, Coherence and locality properties Cache memory organizations, Techniques for reducing cache misses; Virtual memory organization, mapping and management techniques, memory replacement policies. Memory unit design with special emphasis on implementation of CPU-memory interfacing. Data path design for read/write access. I/O operations - Concept of handshaking, Polled I/O, interrupt and DMA

## Module 4 [15L]

Quantitative techniques in computer design – Part2; Pipelining: Basic concepts, instruction and arithmetic pipeline, data hazards, control hazards and structural hazards, techniques for handling hazards. Pipeline optimization techniques, Compiler techniques for improving performance.

Instruction-level parallelism: basic concepts, techniques for increasing ILP, superscalar, super pipelined architectures. Array and vector processors.

Multiprocessor architecture: taxonomy of parallel architectures - Introduction to Flynn's Classification; Centralized shared - memory architecture: synchronization, memory consistency, interconnection networks. Distributed shared memory architecture. Non von-Neumann architectures - Data flow computers.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing for Performance, William

Stallings, Prentice-Hall India

2. Computer Organization, Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic and Safwat Zaky, Tata

McGraw Hill

3. Computer Architecture A Quantitative Approach, John L Hennessy and David

Patterson, Morgan Kaufman

4. Structured Computer Organization, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Prentice-Hall India

- 5. Computer Architecture & Parallel Processing. Kai Hwang & Briggs, Tata McGraw Hill
- 6. Computer System Architecture, M. M. Mano, PHI.

7. Computer Organization & Architecture, P N Basu, Vikas Publication

## **COURSE OUTCOMES**

**CO1**: Students would be able to apply instruction set architecture for designing a processor.:

**CO2:** Students would be able to design arithmetic and logic units as well as control units of a processor.

**CO3:** Students would be able to understand different types of memory, memory management, and the connection among the memory, CPU and I/O devices.

**CO4:** Students would be able to understand parallel processors.

Course Name: Data Structure & Algorithm Course Code: PCCCS301 Semester: 3 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisite: Introduction to Programming (Python)

Module 1 [8L]

Introduction: Basic Terminologies: Elementary Data Organizations, Data Structure Operations: insertion, deletion, traversal etc.; Analysis of an Algorithm, Asymptotic Notations, Time-Space trade off. Searching: Linear Search and Binary Search Techniques and their complexity analysis.

## Module 2 [9L]

Stacks and Queues: ADT Stack and its operations: Algorithms and their complexity analysis, Applications of Stacks: Expression Conversion and evaluation corresponding algorithms and complexity analysis. ADT queue, Types of Queue: Simple Queue, Circular Queue, Priority Queue; Operations on each type of Queues: Algorithms and their analysis.

# Module 3 [10L]

Linked Lists: Singly linked lists: Representation in memory, Algorithms of several operations: Traversing, Searching, Insertion into, Deletion from linked list; Linked representation of Stack and Queue, Header nodes, Double linked list: operations on it and algorithmic analysis; Circular Linked Lists: all operations their algorithms and the complexity analysis. Trees: Basic Tree Terminologies, Different types of Trees: Binary Tree, Threaded Binary Tree, Binary Search Tree, AVL Tree; Tree operations on each of the trees and their algorithms with complexity analysis. Applications of Binary Trees. B Tree, B+ Tree: definitions, algorithms and analysis.

# Module 4 [9L]

Sorting and Hashing: Objective and properties of different sorting algorithms: Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort, Heap Sort; Performance and Comparison among all the methods, Hashing. Graph: Basic Terminologies and Representations, Graph search and traversal algorithms and complexity analysis.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Illustrated Edition by Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Computer Science Press.

2. Algorithms, Data Structures, and Problem Solving with C++", Illustrated Edition by by Mark Allen Weiss.

3. Mark Allen Weiss, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company "How to Solve it by Computer", 2<sup>nd</sup> Impression by R.G. Dromey, Pearson Education.

4. Fundamentals of Data Structures, Sartaj Sahni, UniversityPress

- 5. Data Structures, RS Salaria, Khanna PublishingHouse
- 6. Data Structures through C, Yashwant Kanetkar, BPBPublications
- 7. Expert Data Structures with C++, RB Patel, KhannaPublications

# Course Outcomes (CO):

**CO1:** Students are expected to be capable of understanding the data structures, their advantages and drawbacks, how to implement them in C, how their drawbacks can be overcome and what the applications are and where they can be used.

**CO2:** Students should be able to learn about the data structures/ methods/algorithms mentioned in the course with a comparative perspective so as to make use of the most appropriate data

structure/ method/algorithm in a program to enhance the efficiency (i.e. reduce the run-time) or for better memory utilization, based on the priority of the implementation.

**CO3:** Detailed time analysis of the graph algorithms and sorting methods are expected to be covered in CS 503 but it is expected that the students will be able to understand at least the efficiency aspects of the graph and sorting algorithms covered in this course.

**CO4:** The students should be able to convert an inefficient program into an efficient one using the knowledge gathered from this course.

Course Name: Discrete Mathematics Course Code: PCCCS302 Semester: 3 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisite: Linear algebra, Pre-calculas

### Module 1 [9L]

#### **Propositional Logic**

Logical Connectives, Conjunction, Disjunction, Negation and their truth table. Conditional Connectives, Implication, Converse, Contrapositive, Inverse, Biconditional statements with truth table, Logical Equivalence, Tautology, Normal forms - CNF, DNF; Predicates and Logical Quantifications of propositions and related examples.

### Module 2

### [9L] Theory of

#### Numbers

Well Ordering Principle, Divisibility theory and properties of divisibility; Fundamental theorem of Arithmetic;

Euclidean Algorithm for finding G.C.D and some basic properties of G.C.D with simple examples; Congruences, Residue classes of integer modulo () n n Z and its examples; Order, Relation and Lattices:

POSET, Hasse Diagram, Minimal, Maximal, Greatest and Least elements in a POSET, Lattices and its properties, Principle of Duality, Distributive and Complemented Lattices.

### Module 3 [12L]

### **Counting Techniques**

Permutations, Combinations, Binomial coefficients, Pigeon- hole Principle, Principles of inclusion and exclusions; Generating functions, Recurrence Relations and their solutions using generating function, Recurrence relation of Fibonacci numbers and its solution, Divide- and-Conquer algorithm and its recurrence relation and its simple application in computer.

### Module 4

### [12L] Graph

### Coloring

Chromatic Numbers and its bounds, Independence and Clique Numbers, Perfect Graphs-Definition and examples, Chromatic polynomial and its determination, Applications of Graph Coloring.

### Matchings

Definitions and Examples of Perfect Matching, Maximal and Maximum Matching, Hall's Marriage Theorem (Statement only) and related problems.

### Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, McGraw Hill.

2. Russell Merris, Combinatorics, WILEY-INTERSCIENCE SERIES IN DISCRETE MATHEMATICS AND OPTIMIZATION

3. N. Chandrasekaran and M. Umaparvathi, Discrete Mathematics, PHI

4. Gary Haggard, John Schlipf and Sue Whitesides, Discrete Mathematics for Computer Science, CENGAGE Learning.

5. Gary Chartrand and Ping Zhang – Introduction to Graph Theory, TMH

## **Course Outcomes (CO):**

CO1: Ability to apply mathematical logic to solve problems

CO2: Understand sets, relations, functions and discrete structures

CO3: Able to use logical notations to define and reason about fundamental mathematical concepts such as sets relations and functions

CO4: Able to formulate problems and solve recurrence relations and able to model and solve real world problems using graphs and trees

Course Name: Constitution of India, Essence of India and Knowledge Trading Course Code: HSMC301 Semester: 3

Contact Hours: L-T-P: 2-0-0 Credits: 0

Module1 [4L]

## Indian Constitution: Sources and constitutional history, Features: Citizenship, Preamble,

Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy.

### Module2 [8L]

### Union government and its administration: Structure of the Indian Union: Federalism,

Centre- State relationship, President: Role, power and position, PM and Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central Secretariat, Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha. State government and its administration: Governor: Role and Position, CM and Council of ministers, State Secretariat: Organization, Structure and Functions.

### Module3 [6L]

**Supreme court:** Organization of supreme court, procedure of the court, independence of the court, jurisdiction and power of supreme court. High court: Organization of high court, procedure of the court, independence of the court, jurisdiction and power of supreme court. Subordinate courts: constitutional provision, structure and jurisdiction. National legal services authority, Lok adalats, family courts, gram nyayalayas. Public interest litigation (PIL): meaning of PIL, features of PIL, scope of PIL, principle of PIL, guidelines for admitting PIL.

### Module4 [6L]

**Local Administration:** District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal Corporation, Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role, Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Indian polity, M, Laxmikanth, MCGraw Hill education, 5th Edition.

2. DD Basu, "Introduction to the constitution of India", 21st Edition, Lexis Nexis Books Publication ltd, India

### Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to -

CO1: Describe different features of the Indian constitution.

CO2: Power and functioning of Union, state and local self-government. Structure, jurisdiction and function of Indian Judiciary. Basics of PIL and guideline for admission of PIL.

CO3: Functioning of local administration starting from block to Municipal Corporation.

CO4: Identify authority to redress a problem in the profession and in the society.

Course Name: Digital System Design Lab Course Code: ESC391 Semester: 3 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-3 Credits: 1.5

1. Realization of Basic Gates & Universal Gates.

- 2. Realization of Basic Gates using Universal Gates.
- 3. Realization of XOR and XNOR using Universal Gates
- 4. Realization of Boolean functions using Universal Gates only
- 5. Realization of Prime and Non-Prime Indicator Circuit
- 6. Realization of 2-bit comparator circuit
- 7. Realization of a 4-bit Binary to Gray Code converter and vice-versa
- 8. Realization of a 4:1 multiplexer using basic gates.
- 9. Design of Odd/Even Parity Generator and checker circuit.
- a. Realization of S-R Latch using NAND gate.
- b. Realization of S-R Flip Flop using NAND gate.
- 10. Realization of J-K Flip Flop using NAND gate.
- 11. Realization of T Flip Flop using NAND gate.
- 12. Study of DAC.

### Text Books and/or Reference Material

- 1. Digital Logic Design by Morris Mano PHI
- 2. Digital Electronics by S. Salivahanan, S. Arivazhagan-OXFORD
- 3. Digital Electronics by P.Raja Scitech Publications
- 4. Digital Fundamentals by Floyed & Jain -Pearson.
- 5. Microelectronics Engineering by Sedra & Smith-Oxford.
- 6. Principles of Electronic Devices & circuits by B L Thereja & Sedha, S Chand Digital Electronics, Kharate –Oxford

## Course Outcomes (CO):

CO1: Students would be able to convert from one number system to another, work out and

design problems related to Boolean algebra, minimization etc.

CO2: Have the ability to identify basic requirements for a design application and propose a cost-effective solution.

CO3: Have the ability to understand, analyse and design various combinational and sequential circuits.

CO4: Have the ability to understand, analyse and design various A/D D/A conversion techniques

Course Name: Computer Organization & Architecture Lab Course Code: ESC392 Semester: 3 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-3 Credits: 1.5

- 1. HDL introduction
- 2. Basic digital logic base programming with HDL
- 3. 8-bit Addition, Multiplication, Division
- 4. 8-bit Register design
- 5. Memory unit design and perform memory operations.
- 6. 8-bit simple ALU design
- 7. 8-bit simple CPU design
- 8. Interfacing of CPU and Memory

### Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing for Performance, William Stallings, Prentice-Hall India

2. Computer Organization, Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic and Safwat Zaky, Tata McGraw Hill

3. Computer Architecture A Quantitative Approach, John L Hennessy and David Patterson, Morgan Kaufman

4. Structured Computer Organization, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Prentice-Hall India

5. Computer Architecture & Parallel Processing. Kai Hwang & Briggs, Tata McGraw Hill

6. Computer System Architecture, M. M. Mano, PHI.

7. Computer Organization & Architecture, P N Basu, Vikas Publication

## Course Outcomes:

CO1:Use Xilinx ISE or online platform (www.eda playground.com) independently

CO2: To program with VHDL

CO3: To analyze industry problem and design digital circuits

CO4: Extend the idea of an integrated environment elsewhere

# Course Name: Data Structure & Algorithm Lab Course Code: PCCCS391

Semester: 3

Contact Hours: L-T-P:

## 0-0-3 Credits: 1.5

1. Implementation of array operations: Stacks and Queues: adding, deleting elements Circular Queue: Adding & deleting elements Merging Problem: Evaluation of expressions operations on multiple stacks & queues.

2. Implementation of linked lists: inserting, deleting, and inverting a linked list.

3. Implementation of stacks & queues using linked lists, Polynomial addition,

4. Polynomial multiplication, Sparse Matrices: Multiplication, addition.

5. Recursive and No recursive traversal of Trees, Threaded binary tree traversal, AVL tree implementation.

6. Application of Trees. Application of sorting and searching algorithms.

7. Hash tables implementation: searching, inserting and deleting, searching & sorting techniques.

# Course Outcomes (CO):

**CO1:** Students are expected to be capable of understanding the data structures, their advantages and drawbacks, how to implement them in C, how their drawbacks can be overcome and what the applications are and where they can be used.

**CO2:** Students should be able to learn about the data structures/ methods/algorithms mentioned in the course with a comparative perspective so as to make use of the most appropriate data structure/ method/algorithm in a program to enhance the efficiency (i.e. reduce the run-time) or for better memory utilization, based on the priority of the implementation.

**CO3:** Detailed time analysis of the graph algorithms and sorting methods are expected to be covered in CS 503 but it is expected that the students will be able to understand at least the efficiency aspects of the graph and sorting algorithms covered in this course.

**CO4:** The students should be able to convert an inefficient program into an efficient one using the knowledge gathered from this course.

Course Name: Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning Fundamentals Course Code: PCCCS381 Semester: 3 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-3 Credits: 1.5 Pre-requisites: Mathematics and Algorithms, Discrete Math, Python

Experiments should include but not limited to:

Review of Python [6L] Python libraries – numpy, pandas, matplotlib, seaborn, scikitlearn Basic data manipulation, data exploration (using seaborn) Introduction to Machine Learning [6L]: Data Preprocessing Feature Engineering

## Supervised Algorithm [9L]

Data holdout techniques

Classification algorithms k-Nearest Neighbors Decision tree Naïve Bayes Common regression algorithms Model evaluation **Unsupervised Algorithm [3L]** K-Means

## Basics of AI [6L]

Knowledge representation in AI: Problem formulation as search tree Informed searching techniques (BFS and DFS) Knowledge deduction with reasoning Heuristic Search: Basics of Heuristic search Building 8 puzzle solver using Python

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Machine Learning by Saikat Dutt, Subramanian Chandramouli, Amit Kumar Das

- 2. Machine Learning by Tom M. Mitchell
- 3. Artificial Intelligence by Rich and Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, & Shivashankar B Nair
- 4. Artificial Intelligence: A modern approach by Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig

## **Course Outcomes (CO):**

CO1: Students will be able to understand & design any data

CO2: Students will be able to implement and analyze various machine learning algorithms

CO3: Students will be able to represent knowledge using AI

**CO4:** Students will be able to learn and develop various applications of AI & ML Logistic regression algorithm

# 4<sup>th</sup> Semester

Course Name: Analog Electronic Circuits Course Code: ESC401 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Physics, Basic Electronics Engineering

### Module 1 [3L]

### **Multivariate Diode circuits**

PN junction diode, IV characteristics of a diode; review of halfwave and fullwave rectifiers, Zener diodes, clamping and clipping circuits

## Module 2

## [15L] BJT

## circuits

Structure and IV characteristics of a BJT; BJT as a switch. BJT as an amplifier: small-signal model, biasing circuits, current mirror; common-emitter, common-base and common-collector amplifiers; Small signal equivalent circuits, high-frequency equivalent circuits

### **MOSFET circuits**

MOSFET circuits MOSFET structure and IV characteristics. MOSFET as a switch. MOSFET as an amplifier: small signal model and biasing circuits, common-source, common-gate and commondrain amplifiers; small signal equivalent circuits-gain, input and output impedances, transconductance, high frequency equivalent circuit.

### Module 3

## [12L] Types of

## Amplifiers

Differential, multistage and operational amplifiers: amplifier; direct coupled multistage amplifier; Differential amplifier; power

## **Operation Amplifiers**

Internal structure of an operational amplifier, ideal opamp, nonidealities in an opamp (Output offset voltage, input bias current, input offset current, slew rate, gain bandwidth product)

Linear applications of opamp; Idealized analysis of opamp circuits. Inverting and noninverting amplifier, differential amplifier, instrumentation amplifier, integrator, active filter, P, PI and PID controllers and lead/lag compensator using an opamp, voltage regulator, oscillators (Wein bridge and phase shift). Analog to Digital Conversion.

## Module 4 [5L]

## **Non-Linear Operation Amplifiers**

Nonlinear applications of opamp Hysteretic Comparator, Zero Crossing Detector, Squarewave and triangularwave generators. Precision rectifier, peak detector. Monoshot.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Boylestad, Robert L., and Louis Nashelsky. "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory 11th ed." (2018).

2. A. S. Sedra and K. C. Smith, "Microelectronic Circuits", New York, Oxford University

Press, 1998.

3. J. V. Wait, L. P. Huelsman and G. A. Korn, "Introduction to Operational Amplifier

theory and applications", McGraw Hill U. S., 1992.

- 4. J. Millman and A. Grabel, "Microelectronics", McGraw Hill Education, 1988.
- 5. P. Horowitz and W. Hill, "The Art of Electronics", Cambridge University Press, 1989.
- 6. P.R. Gray, R.G. Meyer and S. Lewis, "Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits", John Wiley & Sons, 2001.
- 7. Analog Electronics, L.K. Maheshwari, Laxmi Publications
- 8. Analog Electronics, A.K. Maini, Khanna Publishing House
- 9. Analog Electronics, I.G. Nagrath, PHI

## **Course Outcome:**

CO1: To study and understand the principles of diodes, transistors and their variants.CO2: To study the various general applications of transistors and their variants.CO3: To study and understand the principles of amplifiers and operational amplifiers.CO4: To study the various general applications of operational amplifiers.

### Course Name: Design and Analysis of Algorithms Course Code: PCCCS401 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P:

#### 3-0-0 Credits: 3

### Prerequisite: Data Structure and Algorithms

#### Module 1[6L]

Introduction: Characteristics of algorithms. Analysis of algorithm: Asymptotic analysis of complexity bounds – best, average and worst-case behavior; Performance measurements of Algorithm, Time and space trade-offs, Analysis of recursive algorithms through recurrence relations: Substitution method, Recursion tree method and Masters' theorem.

### Module 2 [8L]

Fundamental Algorithmic Strategies: Brute-Force, Greedy, Dynamic Programming, Branchand-Bound and Backtracking methodologies for the design of algorithms; Illustrations of these techniques for Problem-Solving, Bin Packing, Knapsack TSP. Heuristics – characteristics and their application domains.

### Module 3 [10L]

Graph and Tree Algorithms: Traversal algorithms: Depth First Search (DFS) and Breadth First Search (BFS); Shortest path algorithms, Transitive closure, Minimum Spanning Tree, Topological sorting, Network Flow Algorithm.

## Module 4 [10L]

Tractable and Intractable Problems: Computability of Algorithms, Computability classes – P, NP, NP-complete and NP-hard. Cook's theorem, Standard NP-complete problems and Reduction techniques. Advanced Topics: Approximation algorithms, Randomized algorithms, Class of problems beyond NP – P SPACE

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

 Introduction to Algorithms, 4TH Edition, Thomas H Cormen, Charles E Lieserson, Ronald L Rivest and Clifford Stein, MIT Press/McGraw-Hill.
 Fundamentals of Algorithms – E. Horowitz et al.

3. Algorithm Design, 1ST Edition, Jon Kleinberg and ÉvaTardos, Pearson.

4. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis, and Internet Examples, Second Edition, Michael T Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia, Wiley.

5. Algorithms—A Creative Approach, 3RD Edition, UdiManber, Addison-Wesley

## Course Outcomes:

**CO1:** For a given algorithm, analyze worst-case running times of algorithms based on asymptotic analysis and justify the correctness of algorithms.

**CO2:** Describe the greedy, divide and conquer, and dynamic programming etc. Algorithmic paradigms and explain when these algorithmic design situations call for it.

**CO3:** For a given model engineering problem, model it using a graph and write the corresponding algorithm to solve the problems.

**CO4:** Explain the ways to analyze randomized algorithms (expected running time, probability of error).

Course Name: Operating Systems Course Code: PCCCS402 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

## Module 1 [4L]

**Introduction:** Concept of Operating Systems, Generations of Operating systems, Types of Operating Systems, OS Services, System Calls, Structure of an OS-Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operating Systems, Concept of Virtual Machine. Case study on UNIX and WINDOWS Operating System.

## Module 2 [16L]

**Processes:** Definition, Process Relationship, Different states of a Process, Process State transitions, Process Control Block (PCB), Context switching

**Thread:** Definition, Various states, Benefits of threads, Types of threads, Concept of multithreads,

**Process Scheduling**: Foundation and Scheduling objectives, Types of Schedulers, Scheduling criteria: CPU utilization, Throughput, Turnaround Time, Waiting Time, Response Time; Scheduling algorithms: Pre-emptive and Non pre-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR; Multiprocessor scheduling: Real Time scheduling: RM and EDF.

**Inter-process Communication:** Critical Section, Race Conditions, Mutual Exclusion, Hardware Solution, Strict Alternation, Peterson's Solution, The Producer\ Consumer Problem, Semaphores, Event Counters, Monitors, Message Passing, Classical IPC Problems: Reader's & Writer Problem, Dinning Philosopher Problem etc.

**Deadlocks:** Definition, Necessary and sufficient conditions for Deadlock, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance: Banker's algorithm, Deadlock detection and Recovery.

## Module 3 [8L]

**Memory Management:** Basic concept, Logical and Physical address map, Memory allocation: Contiguous Memory allocation – Fixed and variable partition–Internal and External fragmentation and Compaction; Paging: Principle of operation – Page allocation – Hardware support for paging, Protection and sharing, Disadvantages of paging. **Virtual Memory**: Basics of Virtual Memory – Hardware and control structures – Locality of reference, Page fault , Working Set , Dirty page/Dirty bit – Demand paging, Page Replacement algorithms: Optimal, First in First Out (FIFO), Second Chance (SC), Not recently used (NRU) and Least Recently used (LRU).

## Module 4 [8L]

I/O Hardware: I/O devices, Device controllers, Direct memory access Principles of I/O Software: Goals of Interrupt handlers, Device drivers, Device independent I/O software, Secondary-Storage Structure: Disk structure, Disk scheduling algorithms File Management: Concept of File, Access methods, File types, File operation, Directory structure, File System structure, Allocation methods (contiguous, linked, indexed), Free-space management (bit vector, linked list, grouping), directory implementation (linear list, hash table), efficiency and performance. Disk Management: Disk structure, Disk scheduling - FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, C-SCAN, Disk reliability, Disk formatting, Boot-block, Bad blocks

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Operating System Concepts Essentials, 9th Edition by AviSilberschatz, Peter Galvin, Greg Gagne, Wiley Asia Student Edition.

2. Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 5th Edition, William Stallings, Prentice Hall of India.

3. Operating System: A Design-oriented Approach, 1st Edition by Charles Crowley, Irwin Publishing

4. Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective, 2nd Edition by Gary J. Nutt, AddisonWesley

5. Design of the Unix Operating Systems, 8th Edition by Maurice Bach, Prentice-Hall of India

6. Understanding the Linux Kernel, 3rd Edition, Daniel P. Bovet, Marco Cesati, O'Reilly and Associates

## Course Outcomes -

CO1: Learn and understand the design issues associated with Operating Systems.

CO2: To be familiar with multithreading and multiprogramming.

CO3: Learn and use the disk management and disk scheduling algorithms for effective utilization of external memory.

CO4: Learn the various CPU scheduling algorithms and deadlock avoidance algorithms for efficient use of system resources.

Course Name: IT Workshop Course Code: PCCCS403 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 1-0-0 Credits: 1

### Module 1

Installation of the software Scilab. Basic syntax, Mathematical Operators, Predefined constants, Built in functions. Complex numbers, Polynomials, Vectors, Matrix. Handling these data structures using built in functions.

### Module 2

Programming - Functions, Loops, Conditional statements, Handling .sci files, Graphics handling - 2D, 3D, Generating .jpg files

### Module 3

Introduction of numerical methods using Scilab: Root Findings; Solving of System of linear equations; Interpolation;

### Module 4

Introduction of numerical methods using Scilab: Integration; Ordinary Differential Equations.

### Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Dutta & Jana: Introductory Numerical Analysis.

2. J.B.Scarborough: Numerical Mathematical Analysis.

3. Jain, Iyengar, & Jain: Numerical Methods (Problems and Solution).

### Course Outcome:

CO1: Students would be able to deal with errors in computation and solve interpolation problem and numerical integration.

CO2: Students would be able to solve system of linear equations.

CO3: Students would be able to solve algebraic equations and ordinary differential

equations.

CO4: Students would be able to deal with errors in computation.

Course Name: Humanities – I (Technical Report Writing) Course Code: HSMC401 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P:

3-0-0 Credits: 3

## Module 1 [10L]

A. Technical Report Writing-

1. Report Types (Organizational / Commercial / Business / Project)

2. Report Format & Organization of Writing Materials

3. Report Writing (Practice Sessions & Workshops)

B. Language Laboratory Practice-

1. Introductory Lecture to help the students get a clear idea of Technical Communication & the need of Language Laboratory Practice Sessions

### <u>Module 2 [8L]</u>

Conversation Practice Sessions: (To be done as real life interactions) a) Training the students by using Language Lab Device/Recommended Texts/cassettes /cd's

to get their Listening Skill & Speaking Skill honed

b) Introducing Role Play & honing over all Communicative Competence

### Module 3 [10L]

Group Discussion Sessions:

a) Teaching Strategies of Group Discussion

b) Introducing Different Models & Topics of Group Discussion

c) Exploring Live /Recorded GD Sessions for mending students'

attitude/approach & for taking remedial measure

Interview Sessions;

a) Training students to face Job Interviews confidently and successfully

b) Arranging Mock Interviews and Practice Sessions for integrating Listening Skill with Speaking Skill in a formal situation for effective communication.

## <u>Module 4 [8L]</u>

Presentation

a) Teaching Presentation as a skill

b) Strategies and Standard Practices of Individual /Group Presentation

c) Media & Means of Presentation: OHP/POWER POINT/ Other Audio-Visual Aids Competitive Examination:

a) Making the students aware of Provincial /National/International Competitive Examinations

b) Strategies/Tactics for success in Competitive Examinations) SWOT Analysis and its Application in fixing Target

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1.	Adrian	Duff	et.	al.	(ed.):	Cambridge
		Fluency	-			

A)	Speaking	(Levels	1-4	Audio
		Cassettes/Ha	andbooks)	

B) Listening (Levels 1-4 Audio Cassettes/Handbooks) Cambridge University Press 19982.

2. Hancock: English Pronunciation in Use 4 Audio Cassettes/CD'S OUP 2004

### **Course Outcome:**

CO1: Students should be proficient in Technical report writing

CO2: Students should be able to develop good listening and speaking skills

CO3: Students should have knowledge about Group discussion and different interview techniques

CO4: Students should be able to give professional presentations

Course Name: Management I (Organizational Behaviour) Course Code: HSMC403 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

## Module 1 [6L]

Organizational Behaviour: Definition, Importance, Historical Background, Fundamental Concepts of OB, Challenges and Opportunities for OB. Personality and Attitudes: Meaning of personality, Personality Determinants and Traits, Development of Personality, Types of Attitudes, Job Satisfaction

### Module 2 [8L]

Perception: Definition, Nature and Importance, Factors influencing Perception, Perceptual Selectivity, Link between Perception and Decision Making. Motivation: Definition, Theories of Motivation - Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs Theory, McGregor's Theory X & Y, Herzberg's Motivation-Hygiene Theory, Alderfer's ERG Theory, McClelland's Theory of Needs, Vroom's Expectancy Theory.

## Module 3 [10L]

Group Behaviour: Characteristics of Group, Types of Groups, Stages of Group Development, Group Decision Making. Communication: Communication Process, Direction of Communication, Barriers to Effective Communication. Leadership: Definition, Importance, Theories of Leadership Styles.

## Module 4 [8L]

Organizational Politics: Definition, Factors contributing to Political Behaviour. Conflict Management: Traditional vis-a-vis Modern View of Conflict, Functional and Dysfunctional Conflict, Conflict Process, Negotiation – Bargaining Strategies, Negotiation Process. Organizational Design: Various Organizational Structures and their Effects on Human Behaviour, Concepts of Organizational Climate and Organizational Culture.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Robbins, S. P. & Judge, T.A.: Organizational Behavior, Pearson Education, 15th Edn.

2. Luthans, Fred: Organizational Behavior, McGraw Hill, 12th Edn.

3. Shukla, Madhukar: Understanding Organizations – Organizational Theory & Practice in India, PHI

4. Fincham, R. & Rhodes, P.: Principles of Organizational Behaviour, OUP, 4th Edn.

5. Hersey, P., Blanchard, K.H., Johnson, D.E.- Management of Organizational Behavior Leading Human Resources, PHI, 10th Edn.

## COURSE OUTCOMES (COs):

1. Understand the concepts, need and importance of management and application of the various principles of management.

2. Critically analyse and understand the process of management and the various components of management process.

3. Understand adopt and integrate the individual behavior with the organizational behavior.

4. Acquainted with various components of individual behaviour and how it helps an organization in bringing in the organizational development and organizational effectiveness in the global orientation.

Course Name: Environmental Sciences Course Code: MC401 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 2-0-0 Credits: 0

## Module 1 [5L]

Basic ideas of environment, basic concepts, man, society & environment, their interrelationship Mathematics of population growth and associated problems, Importance of population study in environmental engineering, definition of resource, types of resource, renewable, nonrenewable, potentially renewable, effect of excessive use vis-à-vis population growth, Sustainable Development. Materials balance: Steady state conservation system, steady state system with non-conservative pollutants, step function. Environmental degradation: Natural environmental Hazards like Flood, earthquake, Landslide-causes, effects and control/management; Anthropogenic degradation like Acid rain-cause, effects and control. Nature and scope of Environmental Science and Engineering.

Elements of ecology: System, open system, closed system, definition of ecology, species, population, community, definition of ecosystem- components types and function. Structure and function of the following ecosystem: Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems, Mangrove ecosystem (special reference to Sundar ban); Food chain [definition and one example of each food chain], Food web. Biogeochemical Cycle- definition, significance, flow chart of different cycles with only elementary reaction [Oxygen, carbon,

Nitrogen, Phosphate, Sulphur]. Biodiversity- types, importance, Endemic species, Biodiversity Hot-spot, Threats to biodiversity, Conservation of biodiversity.

## Module 2 [7L]

Atmospheric Composition: Troposphere, Stratosphere, Mesosphere, Thermosphere, Tropopause and Mesopause. Energy balance: Conductive and Convective heat transfer, radiation heat transfer, simple global temperature model [Earth as a black body, earth as albedo], Problems. Green house effects: Definition, impact of greenhouse gases on the global climate and consequently on sea water level, agriculture and marine food. Global warming and its consequence, Control of Global warming. Earth's heat budget. Lapse rate: Ambient lapse rate Adiabatic lapse rate, atmospheric stability, temperature inversion (radiation inversion). Atmospheric dispersion: Maximum mixing depth, ventilation coefficient, effective stack height, smokestack plumes and Gaussian plume model. Definition of pollutants and contaminants, Primary and secondary pollutants: emission standard, criteria pollutant. Sources and effect of different air pollutantsSuspended particulate matter, oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulphur, particulate, PAN. Smog, Photochemical smog and London smog. Depletion Ozone layer: CFC, destruction of ozone layer by CFC, impact of other green-house gases, effect of ozone modification. Standards and control measures: Industrial, commercial and residential air quality standard, control measure (ESP. cyclone separator, bag house, catalytic converter, scrubber (ventury), Statement with brief reference).

## Module 3 [7L]

Hydrosphere, Hydrological cycle and Natural water. Pollutants of water, their origin and effects: Oxygen demanding wastes, pathogens, nutrients, Salts, thermal application, heavy metals, pesticides, volatile organic compounds. River/Lake/ground water pollution: River: DO, 5-day BOD test, Seeded BOD test, BOD reaction rate constants, Effect of oxygen demanding wastes on river [deoxygenation, reaeration], COD, Oil, Greases, pH. Lake: Eutrophication [Definition, source and effect]. Ground water: Aquifers, hydraulic gradient, ground water flow (Definition only) Standard and control: Waste water standard [BOD, COD, Oil, Grease], Water Treatment system [coagulation and flocculation, sedimentation and filtration, disinfection, hardness and alkalinity, softening] Waste water treatment system, primary and secondary treatments [Trickling filters, rotating biological contractor, Activated sludge, sludge treatment, oxidation ponds] tertiary treatment definition. Water pollution due to the toxic elements and their biochemical effects: Lead, Mercury, Cadmium, and Arsenic

# Module 4 [5L]

Lithosphere; Internal structure of earth, rock and soil Solid Waste: Municipal, industrial, commercial, agricultural, domestic, pathological and hazardous solid wastes; Recovery and disposal method- Open dumping, Land filling, incineration, composting, recycling. Solid waste management and control (hazardous and biomedical waste).

Definition of noise, effect of noise pollution, noise classification [Transport noise, occupational noise, neighbourhood noise] Definition of noise frequency, noise pressure, noise intensity, noise threshold limit value, equivalent noise level, *L*10 (18hr Index), *n Ld*.Noise pollution control.

Environmental impact assessment, Environmental Audit, Environmental laws and protection act of India, Different international environmental treaty/ agreement/ protocol.

#### Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. M.P. Poonia & S.C. Sharma, Environmental Studies, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE Recommended Textbook – 2018)

2. Masters, G. M., "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1991.

3. De, A. K., "Environmental Chemistry", New Age International

# **Course Outcomes -**

CO1: Be able to understand the natural environment and its relationships with human activities

CO2: Be able to apply the fundamental knowledge of science and engineering to assess environmental and health risk.

CO3: Be able to understand environmental laws and regulations to develop guidelines And procedures for health and safety issues.

CO4: Be able to solve scientific problem-solving related to air, water, noise & amp; land pollution

Course Name: Operating Systems Lab Course Code: PCCCS492 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-3 Credits: 1.5

## Module1 [4L]

## Managing Unix/Linux Operating System

Creating a bash shell script, making a script executable, shell syntax (variables, conditions, control structures, functions, commands). Partitions, Swap space, Device files, Raw and Block files, Formatting disks, Making file systems, Superblock, I-nodes, File system checker, Mounting file systems, Logical Volumes, Network File systems, Backup schedules and methods Kernel loading, init and the inittab file, Run-levels, Run level scripts. Password file management, Password security, Shadow file, Groups and the group file, Shells, restricted shells, user-management commands, homes and permissions, default files, profiles, locking accounts, setting passwords, Switching user, Switching group, Removing users & user groups.

## Module2 [6L]

## Process

starting new process, replacing a process image, duplicating aprocess image, waiting for a process, zombie process.

Signal

signal handling, sending signals, signal interface, signal sets.

## Module3 [10L]

#### Semaphore

programming with semaphores (use functions semctl, semget, semop, set\_semvalue, del\_semvalue, semaphore\_p, semaphore\_v).

#### Module4 [10L]

## **POSIX Threads**

programming with pthread functions (viz. pthread\_create, pthread\_join, pthread\_exit, pthread\_attr\_init, pthread\_cancel)

#### Inter-process communication

pipes(use functions pipe, popen, pclose), named pipes(FIFOs, accessing FIFO), message passing & shared memory(IPC version V).

#### Course Outcomes:

**CO1:** To familiarize students with the architecture of Unix OS.

**CO2:** To provide necessary skills for developing and debugging programs in the UNIX environment.

CO3: To Simulate CPU Scheduling Algorithms. (FCFS, RR, SJF, Priority, Multilevel Queuing)

**CO4:** Students will be able to learn how to allocate the resources in an optimized manner.

Course Name: Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab Course Code: PCCCS491 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-3 Credits: 1.5

#### Module1 [8L]

#### **Divide and Conquer:**

1. Implement Binary Search using Divide and Conquer approach Implement Merge Sort using Divide and Conquer approach

2 .Implement Quick Sort using Divide and Conquer approach Find Maximum and Minimum element from a array of integer using Divide and Conquer approach

3. Find the minimum number of scalar multiplication needed for chain of matrix

4. Implement all pair of Shortest path for a graph (Floyed- Warshall Algorithm) Implement Traveling Salesman Problem

5. Implement Single Source shortest Path for a graph (Dijkstra, Bellman Ford Algorithm)

#### Module2 [6L]

#### Brunch and Bound:

6. Implement 15 Puzzle Problem

#### Backtracking:

- 7. Implement 8 Queen problem
- 8. Graph Coloring Problem Hamiltonian Problem

## Module3 [6L]

#### Greedy method:

9. Knapsack Problem Job sequencing with deadlines

10. Minimum Cost Spanning Tree by Prim's Algorithm Minimum Cost Spanning Tree by Kruskal's Algorithm

## Module4[4L]

## Graph Traversal Algorithm:

11. Implement Breadth First Search (BFS). Implement Depth First Search (DFS)

#### Course Outcomes:

**CO1:** For a given algorithm, analyze worst-case running times of algorithms based on asymptotic analysis and justify the correctness of algorithms.

**CO2:** Describe the greedy, divide and conquer, and dynamic programming etc. Algorithmic paradigms and explain when these algorithmic design situations call for it.

**CO3:** For a given model engineering problem, model it using a graph and write the corresponding algorithm to solve the problems.

**CO4:** Explain the ways to analyze randomized algorithms (expected running time, probability of error).

Course Name: Analog Electronic Circuits Lab Course Code: ESCCS491 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P:

#### 0-0-3 Credits: 1.5

1. Conduct experiment to test diode clipping (single/double ended) and clamping circuits (positive/negative).

2. Design and set up the following rectifiers with and without filters and to determine ripple factor and rectifier efficiency: (a). Full Wave Rectifier (b). Bridge Rectifier

3. Design and set up the BJT common emitter amplifier using voltage divider bias with and without feedback and determine the gain- bandwidth product from its frequency response.

4. Set-up and study the working of complementary symmetry class B push pull power amplifier and calculate the efficiency.

5. Realize BJT Darlington Emitter follower with and without bootstrapping and determine the gain, input and output impedances

6. Conduct an experiment on Series Voltage Regulator using Zener diode and power transistor to determine line and load regulation characteristics.

7. Design and set-up the following tuned oscillator circuits using BJT, and determine the frequency of oscillation. R-C Phase shift Oscillator/Wien Bridge Oscillator

8. Plot the transfer and drain characteristics of n-channel MOSFET and calculate its parameters, namely; drain resistance, mutual conductance and amplification factor. 9. Design, setup and plot the frequency response of Common Source JFET/MOSFET amplifier and obtain the bandwidth.

## **Course Outcome:**

CO1: To study, understand and apply the principles of diodes, transistors and their variants.CO2: To study, understand and apply the various general applications of transistors and their variants.CO3: To study, understand and apply the principles of amplifiers and operational amplifiers.CO4: To study, understand and apply the various general applications of operational amplifiers.

Course Name: IT Workshop Lab Course Code: PCCCS493 Semester: 4 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-3 Credits: 1.5

#### Module 1 [8L] Introduction to Python and Computer Programming

- Data Types, Variables, Basic Input-Output Operations, Basic Operators, Python literals, Boolean Values, Conditional Execution,
- Loops,

- Lists and List Processing,
  - Lists collections of

data

• Logical and Bitwise

Operations,

- Making decisions in Python, Logic and bit operations in Python,
- Functions,
  - o Returning a result from a function, Scopes in Python, Modules
- Tuples,
- Dictionaries,
- Packages,
- String and List Methods,
- Exceptions,
- Working with Files,
  - Processing files, working with real files.
- The Object-Oriented Approach
  - o Classes, Methods, Objects,

#### Module 2 [4L]

- ML packages,
  - o numpy,
  - $\circ$  sklearn,
  - o pandas,
  - o matplotlib,
  - o supervised and unsupervised learning.

## Module 3 [3L]

- Overview of R,
  - R data types and objects,
  - o reading and writing data,
  - o Control structures,
  - o functions,
  - Loop functions
- Machine Learning using R

#### Module 4 [9L]

Numerical Methods using Scilab -

#### **Overview of Scilab**

Installation of the software Scilab. Basic syntax, Mathematical Operators, Predefined constants, Built in functions. Complex numbers, Polynomials, Vectors, Matrix. Handling these data structures using built in functions. Programming; Functions, Loops, Conditional statements, Handling .sci files, Graphics handling, 2D, 3D, Generating .jpg files.

Solving of Numerical Methods using Scilab -

0

Finding of Determinant using Sarrus Method and Upper triangular matrix Method.

Solve System of Linear equations using Gauss Elimination Method and Gauss Seidal Method.

Implement interpolation for equal and unequal intervals both.

Implement Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Simpson's 3/8 rule, Weddle's rule.

Solve differential equations using Euler's Method, Modified Euler's Method, Runge-kutta Method and Predictor Corrector Method.

Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Learning Python 5ed: Powerful Object-Oriented Programming by Mark Lutz, O'Reilly Publication

2. Introduction to Machine Learning with Python: A Guide for Data Scientists 1st Edition by Andreas C. Müller, Sarah Guido, O'Reilly Publication

3. Hands-On Programming with R: Write Your Own Functions and Simulations 1st Edition, by Garrett Grolemund, O'Reilly Publication

4. Introduction to Machine Learning with R: Rigorous Mathematical Analysis by Scott Burger, O'Reilly Publication

#### **Course Outcome:**

CO1: Interpret the mathematical results in physical and other forms.

CO2: Identify, formulate and solve real life complex problems using Machine Learning. CO3: Interpretation of approximation and designing of methods to handle interpolation, integration and differentiation of function and approximate root finding.

CO4: Solving a system of linear equations and ordinary differential equations.

## 5<sup>th</sup> Semester

Course Name: Signals & Systems Course Code: ESC501 Semester: 5 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

## Module 1 (5L)

Signals and systems as seen in everyday life, and in various branches of engineering and science. Energy and power signals, continuous and discrete time signals, continuous and discrete amplitude signals. System properties: linearity: additivity and homogeneity, shift invariance, causality, stability, realizability.

## Module 2 (5L)

Linear shiftinvariant (LSI) systems, impulse response and step response, convolution, input output behavior with aperiodic convergent inputs. Characterization of causality and stability of linear shift invariant systems. System representation through differential equations

Module 3 (11L)

Periodic and semiperiodic inputs to an LSI system, the notion of a frequency response and its relation to the impulse response, Fourier series representation, the Fourier Transform, convolution/multiplication and their effect in the frequency domain, magnitude and phase response, Fourier domain duality. The DiscreteTime Fourier Transform (DTFT) and the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT). Parseval's Theorem. The idea of signal space and orthogonal bases.

# Module 4 (11L)

Evolution of Transforms: Fourier Transform, Laplace Transform, Ztransform (single sided and Double sided) The Laplace Transform, notion of eigen functions of LSI systems, a basis of eigen functions, region of convergence, poles and zeros of system, , solution to differential equations and system behavior using Laplace Transformation The zTransform for discrete time signals and systemseigen functions, region of convergence, zdomain analysis.

## Module 5 (4L)

The Sampling Theorem and its implications Spectra of sampled signals. Reconstruction: ideal interpolator, zeroorder hold, firstorder hold, and so on. Aliasing and its effects. Relation between continuous and discrete time systems.

# Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Willsky and I.T. Young, "Signals and Systems", Prentice Hall, 1983.

2. R.F. Ziemer, W.H. Tranter and D.R. Fannin, "Signals and Systems Continuous and Discrete", 4th edition, Prentice Hall, 1998.

3. Papoulis, "Circuits and Systems: A Modern Approach", HRW, 1980.

4. B.P. Lathi, "Signal Processing and Linear Systems", Oxford University Press, 1998.

5. Douglas K. Lindner, "Introduction to Signals and Systems", McGraw Hill International Edition: c1999.

6. Simon Haykin, Barry van Veen, "Signals and Systems", John Wiley and Sons (Asia)

Private Limited, c1998.7. Robert A. Gabel, Richard A. Roberts, "Signals and Linear Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 1995.

8. M. J. Roberts, "Signals and Systems Analysis using Transform methods and MATLAB", TMH, 2003.

9. J. Nagrath, S. N. Sharan, R. Ranjan, S. Kumar, "Signals and Systems", TMH New Delhi, 2001.

10. Ashok Ambardar, "Analog and Digital Signal Processing", 2nd Edition, Brooks/ Cole Publishing Company (An international Thomson Publishing Company), 1999.

# **Course Outcome:**

CO1: To study and understand the basic characteristics and their mathematical representation of any general signals or a system and the applications of signals representation in real-life

CO2: To study and understand the representation and manipulation of signals and systems in terms of Laplace Transforms.

CO3: To study and understand the representation and manipulation of signals and systems in terms of Fourier series and Fourier Transforms.

CO4: To study and understand the representation and manipulation of signals and systems in terms of Z-Tranforms.

Course Name: Database Management System Course Code: PCCCS501 Semester: 5

#### Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisite: Data Structure

## Module 1 [6L]

Database system architecture: Data Abstraction, Data Independence, Data Definition Language (DDL), Data Manipulation Language (DML). Data models: Entity relationship model, network model, relational and object oriented data models, integrity constraints, data manipulation Operations.

## Module 2 [8L]

Relational query languages: Relational algebra, Tuple and domain relational calculus, SQL3, DDL and DML constructs, Open source and Commercial DBMS - MYSQL, ORACLE, DB2, SQL server.

## Module 3 [8L]

Relational Database Design - Functional Dependency, Different anomalies in designing a Database., Normalization using functional dependencies, Decomposition, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, 3NF, Normalization using multi-valued dependencies, 4NF, 5NF

#### Module 4 [4L]

Storage strategies: Indices, B-trees, hashing.

#### Module 5 [8L]

Transaction processing: Concurrency control, ACID property, Serializability of scheduling, Locking and timestamp based schedulers, Multi version and optimistic Concurrency Control schemes, Database recovery.

## Module 6 [2L]

Database Security: Authentication, Authorization and access control, DAC, MAC and RBAC models, Intrusion detection, SQL injection. Advanced topics: Object oriented and object relational databases, Logical databases, Web databases, Distributed databases, Data warehousing and data mining.

#### **Text Books and/or Reference Material**

1. Stafano Ceri, "Distributed database concept", McGraw-Hill 2. A. Silberschatz, H. Korth, S. Sudarshan– "Database System Concepts (5<sup>th</sup> Ed.)" – McGraw-Hill

Reference Books

1. G. K. Gupta, – "Database Management Systems (2nd Ed.)" – McGraw-Hill

2. Ramakrishnan: Database Management System , McGraw-Hill

## **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** Master the basic concepts and understand the applications of database systems..

**CO2:** Construct an Entity-Relationship (E-R) model from specifications and to transform to relational model. Construct unary/binary/set/aggregate queries in Relational Algebra. **CO3:** Understand and apply database normalization principles & amp; construct SQL queries to perform CRUD operations on the database. (Create, Retrieve, Update, and Delete).

**CO4:** Understand principles of database transaction management, database recovery, security and be aware of non-relational databases and applications. Understand file handling & amp; storage management.

## Course Name: Formal Language & Automata

Theory Course Code: PCCCS502

Semester: 5

Contact Hours: L-T-P:

3-0-0 Credits: 3

Prerequisite: Data Structure

## Introduction [6L]:

Alphabet, languages and grammars, productions and derivation, Chomsky hierarchy of languages.

## Regular languages and finite automata [7L]:

Regular expressions and languages, deterministic finite automata (DFA) and equivalence with regular expressions, nondeterministic finite automata (NFA) and equivalence with DFA, regular grammars and equivalence with finite automata, properties of regular languages, pumping lemma for regular languages, minimization of finite automata.

# Context free languages and pushdown automata [6L]:

Context free grammars (CFG) and languages (CFL), Chomsky and Greibach normal forms, nondeterministic pushdown automata (PDA) and equivalence with CFG, parse trees, ambiguity in CFG, pumping lemma for context free languages, deterministic pushdown automata, closure properties of CFLs.

## Context sensitive languages [6L]:

Context sensitive grammars (CSG) and languages, linear bounded automata and equivalence with CSG. Turing machines: The basic model for Turing machines (TM), Turing recognizable (recursively enumerable) and Turing decidable (recursive) languages and their closure properties, variants of Turing machines, nondeterministic TMs and equivalence with deterministic TMs, unrestricted grammars and equivalence with Turing machines, TMs as enumerators.

## Undecidability [6L]:

Church Turing thesis, universal Turing machine, the universal and diagonalization languages, reduction between languages and Rice s theorem, undecidable problems about languages.

# Text Books and/or Reference Material

- 1. Harry R. Lewis and Christos H. Papadimitriou, Elements of the Theory of Computation, Pearson Education Asia.10. Dexter C. Kozen, Automata and Computability, Undergraduate Texts in Computer Science, Springer.
- 2. Michael Sipser, Introduction to the Theory of Computation, PWS Publishing.
- 3. John Martin, Introduction to Languages and the Theory of Computation, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani and Jeffrey D. Ullman, Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, Pearson Education Asia.

## **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** Students will be able to define mathematical model of a system and recognize the behaviour of a system.

**CO2:** Students will be able to understand the regular expression.

**CO3:** Students will be able to understand the concept of grammar and language and apply the knowledge in compiler design.

CO4: Students would be able to understand the computability and complexity of a problem

**Course Name: Object Oriented Programming** 

Course Code: PCCCS503 Semester: 3 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0

Credits: 2

Prerequisite: Data Structure

## Module 1[9L]

Abstract data types and their specification. How to implement an ADT. Concrete state space, concrete invariant, abstraction function. Implementing operations, illustrated by the Text example.

## Module 2[9L]

Features of object-oriented programming. Encapsulation, object identity, polymorphism, Difference between OOP and other conventional programming – advantages and disadvantages. Basic concepts of Java programming – advantages of Java, byte-code & JVM, data types, access specifiers. Array, creation of class, object, constructor, Method overloading, this keyword, use of objects as parameter & methods returning objects, call by value & call by reference. Static variables & methods, nested & inner classes, Basic string handling concepts- String,

StringBuffer, mutable and immutable string, command line arguments, Basics of I/O operations – keyboard input using BufferedReader & Scanner classes.

## Module 3[12L]

Inheritance in OO design. Design patterns. Introduction and classification, Memory management, Process of constructor calling in inheritance, use of super and final keywords with super() method, dynamic method dispatch, Use of abstract classes & methods, interfaces, Exception handling basics, Different types of exception classes, use of try & catch with throw, throws & finally, Creation of user defined exception classes, memory management, finalize and garbage collection, Design patterns. Introduction and classification. The iterator pattern, UML: Use case diagram, Class diagram, Sequence diagram, Collaboration diagram, Multithreading, Command, Commands as methods and as objects, Model-view-controller pattern

## Module 4[6L]

GUIs. Graphical programming with Swing & Scala. Delegation event model and listener, layout manager (basic concept), creation of buttons (JButton class only) & text fields, Generic types and collections, Creation of packages, importing packages, member access for packages, The software development process.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. H. Schildt, "Java: The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.

2. K. Sierra and B. Bates, Head First Java, O'reilly, 2005.

3. M. R. Blaha and J. R. Rambaugh, "Object-Oriented Modeling and Design With UML", Pearson, 2007.

4. R.K Das – "Core Java For Beginners" – VIKAS PUBLISHING

- 5. Deitel and Deitel "Java How to Program" 6th Ed. Pearson
- 6. Ivor Horton's Beginning Java 2 SDK Wrox
- 7. E. Balagurusamy " Programming With Java: A Primer" 3rd Ed. TMH

#### Course Outcome:

**CO1:** Specify simple abstract data types and design implementations, using abstraction functions to document them.

**CO2:** Recognize features of object-oriented design such as encapsulation, polymorphism, inheritance, and composition of systems based on object identity.

**CO3:** Name and apply some common object-oriented design patterns and give examples of their use.

**CO4:** Design applications with an event-driven graphical user interface.

Course Name: Software Engineering Course Code: PCCCS504 Semester: 5

Contact Hours: L-T-P: 2-0-0 Credits: 2

#### Prerequisite: Data Structure

Overview of System Analysis & Design, Business System Concept, System Development Life Cycle, Waterfall Model, Spiral Model, Feasibility Analysis, Technical Feasibility, Cost Benefit Analysis, COCOMO model. [10L]

System Design – Context diagram and DFD, Problem Partitioning, TopDown And BottomUp design; Decision tree, decision table and structured English; Functional vs. ObjectOriented approach. [5L]

Coding & Documentation–Structured Programming, OOProgramming, Information Hiding,

Reuse, System Documentation. [4L]

Testing Levels of Testing, Integration Testing, Test case Specification, Reliability Assessment, Validation & Verification, Metrics, Monitoring & Control. [8L]

Software Project Management–Project Scheduling, Staffing, Software Configuration

Management, Quality Assurance, Project Monitoring. [7L]

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

- 1. Pressman, Software Engineering : A practitioner's approach-(TMH)
- 2. Pankaj Jalote, Software Engineering- (Wiley-India)
- 3. N.S. Gill, Software Engineering (Khanna Publishing House)
- 4. Rajib Mall, Software Engineering- (PHI)
- 5. Agarwal and Agarwal, Software Engineering (PHI)
- 6. Sommerville, Software Engineering Pearson
- 7. K.K. Aggarwal & Yogesh Singh, Software Engineering (New Age International Publisher)

#### **Course Outcome:**

CO1: Understand and learn to apply the software engineering lifecycle by demonstrating competence in communication, planning, analysis, design, construction, and deployment.

CO2: To apply current theories, models, and techniques that provides a basis for the software lifecycle.

CO3: Learn to work as an individual and as a part of a multidisciplinary team to develop and deliver quality software.

CO4: Learn to use the techniques and tools necessary for engineering practice.

Course Name: Principles of Management Course Code: HSMC501 Semester: 5

Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0

Credits: 3

# Module 1 [8L]

1. Basic concepts of management: Definition – Essence, Functions, Roles, Level.

2. Functions of Management: Planning – Concept, Nature, Types, Analysis, Management by objectives; Organisation Structure – Concept, Structure, Principles, Centralization, Decentralization, Span of Management; Organisational Effectiveness.

# Module 2 [10L]

3. Management and Society – Concept, External Environment, CSR, Corporate Governance, Ethical Standards.

4. People Management – Overview, Job design, Recruitment & Selection, Training & Development, Stress Management.

5. Managerial Competencies – Communication, Motivation, Team Effectiveness, Conflict Management, Creativity, Entrepreneurship.

Module 3 [8L] Leadership: Concept, Nature, Styles.

6. Decision making: Concept, Nature, Process, Tools & techniques.

7. Economic, Financial & Quantitative Analysis – Production, Markets, National Income Accounting, Financial Function & Goals, Financial Statement & Ratio Analysis, Quantitative Methods – Statistical Interference, Forecasting, Regression Analysis, Statistical Quality Control.

# Module 4 [6L]

8. Customer Management – Market Planning & Research, Marketing Mix, Advertising & Brand Management.

9. Operations & Technology Management – Production & Operations Management, Logistics & Supply Chain Management, TQM, Kaizen & Six Sigma, MIS.

# Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Principles of Management, 5th Edition, P.C Tripathy, P.N Reddy, Tata McGraw Hill

Education Private Limited

# **Course Outcome:**

CO1: Students would be able to evaluate and analyze professional ability

CO2: Students would be able to understand standard business principles and practices.

CO3: Students would be able to pick and choose the best business methods and strategies

more professionally.

#### **Course Name: Database Management**

System Lab Course Code: PCCCS591

Semester: 5

Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-4

Credits: 2

Prerequisite: Data Structure Lab

Structured Query Language

1. Creating Database [6L]

Creating a Database

Creating a Table

Specifying Relational Data Types

Specifying Constraints

**Creating Indexes** 

## 2. Table and Record Handling [6L]

**INSERT** statement

Using SELECT and INSERT together DELETE,

UPDATE, TRUNCATE statements DROP,

ALTER statements

3. Retrieving Data from a Database [6L]

The SELECT statement

Using the WHERE clause

Using Logical Operators in the WHERE clause

Using IN, BETWEEN, LIKE , ORDER BY, GROUP BY and HAVING Clause, Using

Aggregate Functions, Combining Tables Using JOINS, Subqueries

#### 4. Database Management [6L]

**Creating Views** 

**Creating Column Aliases** 

Creating Database Users

Using GRANT and REVOKE

Introduction to PL/SQL, Basic Stored Procedures and functions.

Stored Procedure Continued

Exceptions , Cursors, For Loop Trigger

, Sequence , Row ID, Rownum

#### Text Books and/or Reference Material

- 1. SQL Cookbook by Anthony Molinaro
- 2. Head First SQL: Your Brain on SQL -- A Learner's Guide Book by Lynn Beighley
- 3. SQL in 10 Minutes, Sams Teach Yourself (4th Edition) 4th Edition by Ben Forta

#### **Course Outcome:**

CO1: Students should be able to create Table with constraints and insert data.

CO2: Students should be able to write select queries both at row level and aggregate level.

CO3: Students should be able to write joins, insert, update and delete statements.

CO4: Students should be able to use PL/SQL blocks like functions, procedures, cursors and exception handling and students should be able to explain the need of views and how to create them. They should have an understanding of concepts like Row Id, Row Number.

#### **Course Name: Object Oriented Programming**

Lab Course Code: PCCCS593

Semester: 5

Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-4

Credits: 2

#### Prerequisite: Data Structure Lab

- 1. Assignments on Java class, constructor, overloading, inheritance, overriding [6L]
- 2. Assignments on Java wrapper classes, arrays [4L]
- Assignments on developing Java interfaces for multiple inheritances, extending interfaces
   [2L]
- 4. Assignments on creating and accessing Java packages [2L]
- 5. Assignments on Java multithreaded programming [6L]
- 6. Assignments on Java applet

#### programming [4L] Text Books and/or

#### **Reference Material**

- 1. Patrick Naughton, Herbert Schildt "The complete reference-Java2" TMH
- 2. R.K Das "Core Java For Beginners" VIKAS PUBLISHING
- 3. Deitel and Deitel –"Java How to Program" 6th Ed. Pearson
- 4. Ivor Horton's Beginning Java 2 SDK Wrox

#### **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** Specify simple abstract data types and design implementations, using abstraction functions to document them.

**CO2:** Recognize features of object-oriented design such as encapsulation, polymorphism, inheritance, and composition of systems based on object identity.

**CO3:** Name and apply some common object-oriented design patterns and give examples of their use.

**CO4:** Design applications with an event-driven graphical user interface.

Course Name: Software Engineering Lab Course Code: PCCCS594 Semester: 5

#### Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-2

Credits: 1

#### Prerequisite: Data Structure Lab

Problem Analysis and Project Planning [2L];

Thorough study of the problem [1L];

Identify Project scope, Objectives, and Infrastructure Software Requirement Analysis [4L];

Describe the individual Phases / modules of the project and Identify deliverables [4L];

Identify functional and non-functional requirements [1L];

Data Modelling [1L];

Use work products – data dictionary [1L];

Software Designing Develop use case diagrams and activity diagrams [4L];

build and test class diagrams [1L];

sequence diagrams and add interface to class diagrams [2L]; Prototype model–Develop the prototype of the product [2L]; <u>Text Books and/or Reference Material</u>

1. Roger Pressman – "Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach" – McGraw-Hill Higher Education.

## Course Outcomes (CO):

CO1 To understand the software engineering methodologies involved in the phases for project development.

CO2 To gain knowledge about open source tools used for implementing software engineering methods.

CO3 To exercise developing product-startups implementing software engineering methods.

CO4 Learn simple optimization techniques

# Course Name: Principles of Artificial Intelligence & Deep Learning

Code: PECCS501

Semester: 5

Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0

Credits: 3

Prerequisite: Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning

#### Module I [10L]

**Knowledge Representation:** Representation of knowledge using First Order Logic; theorem proving and answer extraction. Representing knowledge in an uncertain domain, the semantics of Bayesian networks, Dempster-Shafer theory. Introduction to Fuzzy sets; Different operators; Fuzzy relation; Fuzzy numbers; Fuzzy logic; Defuzzification;

**Search techniques:** Traditional search techniques – BFS, DFS; Heuristic search strategies – Hill climbing, A\* Search; evolutionary strategies; **Adversarial search** - Games, optimal decisions &

strategies in games, the minimax search procedure, alpha-beta pruning, additional refinements, iterative deepening.

## Module II [6L]

**Brief Review of Machine Learning:** Types of machine learning; Process of machine learning, evaluating different ML models; Concept of loss function; Challenges faced by ML.

Feature engineering: Feature construction; Feature extraction; Feature selection.

# Module III [6L]

**Basics of Neural Network:** Understanding biological neuron and artificial neuron; Types of activation functions; Architectures of neural network; Learning process in ANN.

**Training Deep Neural Network:** Backpropagation and mathematics behind it; Deep L-layer network; Computation graph; Weight initialization in neural network; Batch, mini-batch and stochastic gradient descent; Optimization algorithms; Regularization; Normalization.

## Module IV [12L]

**Convolutional Neural Network:** Basic concept of computer vision; Challenges faced by traditional ANN to deal with image data; Convolutional neural network concepts – kernel, stride, padding, pooling; Building a CNN; Popular CNN architectures – LeNet, AlexNet, GoogLeNet, ResNet, Inception network, UNET; Object detection – bounding box, YOLO, landmark detection, Transfer learning.

**Sequence Based Models:** Introduction to sequence data; Recurrent neural network; Vanishing Gradient Problem and RNN; Long Short-term Memory (LSTM); Gated Recurrent Units (GRU); Bidirectional Models; Language modelling and Sequence models

## **Recommended books:**

- 1. Deep Learning by Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville
- 2. Deep Learning by Amit Kumar Das, Saptarsi Goswami, Pabitra Mitra and Amlan Chakrabarti
- 3. Artificial Intelligence by Rich and Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, & Shivashankar B Nair
- 4. Artificial Intelligence : A modern approach by Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig Pearson

#### Course Outcomes:

- CO1. To have developed the basic concepts of AI and ML
- CO2. To acquire concepts of machine learning algorithms
- CO3. To acquire concepts related to deep neural network
- CO4. To acquire concepts related to CNN and RNN

# 6<sup>th</sup> Semester

**Course Name: Compiler Design** 

Course Code: PCCCS601 Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P:

3-0-0 Credits: 3

Prerequisites: Basic Computation & Principles of Computer Programming, Data structures and algorithms, Formal Language & Automata Theory

#### Module 1 [9L]

Overview of compilation & Lexical Analysis- The structure of a compiler and applications of compiler technology; Lexical analysis - The role of a lexical analyzer, specification of tokens, recognition of tokens, hand-written lexical analyzers, LEX, examples of LEX programs.

Introduction to syntax analysis -Role of a parser, use of context-free grammars (CFG) in the specification of the syntax of programming languages, techniques for writing grammars for programming languages (removal left recursion, etc.), non- context-free constructs in programming languages, parse trees and ambiguity, examples of programming language grammars.

## Module 2 [16L]

Top-down parsing- FIRST & FOLLOW sets, LL(1) conditions, predictive parsing, recursive descent parsing, error recovery. LR-parsing - Handle pruning, shift-reduce parsing, viable prefixes, valid items, LR(0) automaton, LR-parsing algorithm, SLR(1), LR(1), and LALR(1) parsing. YACC, error recovery with YACC and examples of YACC specifications.

Syntax-directed definitions (attribute grammars)-Synthesized and inherited attributes, examples of SDDs, evaluation orders for attributes of an SDD, dependency graphs. S-attributed and L-attributed SDDs and their implementation using LR-parsers and recursive descent parsers respectively.

## <u>Module 3 [8L]</u>

Semantic analysis- Symbol tables and their data structures. Representation of "scope". Semantic

analysis of expressions, assignment, and control-flow statements, declarations of variables and functions, function calls, etc., using S- and L-attributed SDDs (treatment of arrays and structures included). Semantic error recovery

Intermediate code generation - Different intermediate representations –quadruples, triples, trees, flow graphs, SSA forms, and their uses. Translation of expressions (including array references with subscripts) and assignment statements. Translation of control-flow statements – it- then- else, while-do, and switch. Short-circuit code and control-flow translation of Boolean expressions. Back patching. Examples to illustrate intermediate code generation for all constructs

# Module 4 [12L]

Run-time environments:- Stack allocation of space and activation records. Access to non-local data on the stack in the case of procedures with and without nesting of procedures.

Introduction to machine code generation and optimization- Simple machine code generation, examples of machine-independent code optimizations.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

## **Text Books**

1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools , by A.V. Aho, Monica Lam, Ravi Sethi, and J.D. Ullman, (2nd

ed.), Addison-Wesley, 2007 (main text book, referred to as ALSU in lab assignments).

2. K.D. Cooper, and Linda Torczon, Engineering a Compiler, Morgan Kaufmann, 2004.

## **Reference Books**

# Reference Books:

K.C. Louden, Compiler Construction: Principles and Practice, Cengage Learning, 1997.
 D. Brown, J. Levine, and T. Mason, LEX and YACC, O"Reilly Media, 1992.

## **Course Outcome:**

CO1: Understand given grammar specification develop the lexical analyzer

- CO2: Design a given parser specification design top-down and bottom-up parsers.
- CO3: Develop syntax directed translation schemes.
- CO4: Develop algorithms to generate code for a target machine.

Course Name: Computer Networks Course Code: PCC-CS602 Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

## <u>Module 1 [8L]</u>

Data communication Components: Representation of data and its flow Networks , Various Connection Topology, Protocols and Standards, OSI model, Transmission Media, LAN: Wired LAN, Wireless LANs, Connecting LAN and Virtual LAN, Techniques for Bandwidth utilization: Multiplexing - Frequency division, Time division and Wave division, Concepts on spread spectrum.

## Module 2 [10L]

Data Link Layer and Medium Access Sub Layer: Error Detection and Error Correction -Fundamentals, Block coding, Hamming Distance, CRC; Flow Control and Error control protocols -Stop and Wait, Go back – N ARQ, Selective Repeat ARQ, Sliding Window, Piggybacking, Random Access, Multiple access protocols -Pure ALOHA, Slotted ALOHA, CSMA/CD,CDMA/CA

## Module 3 [12L]

Network Layer: Switching, Logical addressing – IPV4, IPV6; Address mapping – ARP, RARP, BOOTP and DHCP–Delivery, Forwarding and Unicast Routing protocols. Transport Layer: Process to Process Communication, User Datagram Protocol (UDP), Transmission Control Protocol (TCP), SCTP Congestion Control; Quality of Service, QoS improving techniques: Leaky Bucket and Token Bucket algorithm.

## Module 4 [6L]

Application Layer: Domain Name Space (DNS), DDNS, TELNET, EMAIL, File Transfer Protocol (FTP), WWW, HTTP, SNMP, Bluetooth, Firewalls, Basic concepts of Cryptography

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

## **Text Books**

1. Data Communication and Networking, 4th Edition, Behrouz A. Forouzan, McGrawHill.

2. Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, William Stallings, Pearson Prentice Hall India.

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Computer Networks, 8th Edition, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Pearson New International Edition.
- 2. Internetworking with TCP/IP, Volume 1, 6th Edition Douglas Comer, Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. TCP/IP Illustrated, Volume 1, W. Richard Stevens, Addison-Wesley, United States of America.

## Course Outcome:

**CO1:** Students should be able to master the terminology and concepts of the OSI reference model and the TCP-IP reference model

**CO2:** Students should be able to master the concepts of protocols, network interfaces, and design/performance issues in local area networks and wide area networks

CO3: Students should be able to be familiar with wireless networking concepts

**CO4:** Students should be able to be familiar with contemporary issues in networking technologies, network tools and network programming

Course Name: Cloud Computing & IoT Course Code: PCCCS603 Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 2-0-0 Credits: 2 Prerequisites: Computer Networks

## Module 1 [10L]

#### Introduction to Cloud Computing

Defining a Cloud, Cloud Types – NIST model, Cloud Cube model, Deployment models (Public, Private, Hybrid and Community Clouds), Service Platform as a Service, Software as a Service with examples of services/ service providers, models – Infrastructure as a Service, Cloud Reference model, Characteristics of Cloud Computing, Concepts of Abstraction and Virtualization. Case Studies.

<u>Module 2</u> [9L] Introduction to IoT

IoT definition – Characteristics – IoT Complete Architectural Stack – IoT enabling Technologies – IoT Challenges, Introduction to Arduino Uno, NodeMCU, Raspberry Pi, Tinkercad. Case Studies.

#### Module 3

#### [10L] IoT and the

#### Cloud

Role of Cloud Computing in IoT – Thinkspeak Components, AWS Components - S3 – Lambda - AWS IoT Core -Connecting a web application to AWS IoT using MQTT- AWS IoT Examples and Case Studies.

#### Module 4 [9L]

#### **Protocols and Security Issues**

Infrastructure protocol (IPV4/V6/RPL), Identification (URIs), Transport (Wifi, Lifi, BLE), Discovery, Data Protocols, Device Management Protocols, Security Concerns, Risk Issues, and Legal Aspects of Cloud Computing- Cloud Data Security, Case Studies.

## Text Books and/or Reference Books

1. Cloud Computing Bible by Barrie Sosinsky, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2013

2. Mastering Cloud Computing by Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. Thamarai Selvi, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2013

3. Cloud computing: A practical approach, Anthony T. Velte, Tata Mcgraw-Hill

4. Cloud Computing, Miller, Pearson

5. Building applications in cloud : Concept, Patterns and Projects, Moyer, Pearson

6. Cloud Computing – Second Edition by Dr. Kumar Saurabh, Wiley India

7. "The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases", by Pethuru Raj and Anupama C. Raman ,CRC Press.

8. Adrian McEwen, Designing the Internet of Things, Wiley, 2013.

#### Course Outcome:

**CO1:** Describe the fundamentals of Cloud and Internet of Things (IoT).

**CO2:** Interpret models of distributed and cloud computing.

**CO3:** Examine prototypes for Internet of Things (IoT).

**CO4:** Estimate the applications of IoT and cloud.

Course Name: Compiler Design Lab Course Code: PCCCS691 Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-2 Credits: 2 Prerequisites: Basic Computation & Principles of Computer Programming, Data structures and algorithms, Formal Language & Automata Theory, Basics of C/C++

1. Familiarization with LEX by writing simple specifications for tokens such as, identifiers, numbers, comments in C/C++, etc. All LEX specifications must be compiled and executed with appropriate inputs. (**2 lab classes**)

2. LEX specification for tokens of the small language in ALSU's book (1 lab class)

3. Complete the specifications in (2) above to make a complete lexical analyzer. (1 lab class)

4. Familiarization with YACC by writing simple specifications for desk calculator, variable declarations in C (only numbers and array). All YACC specifications must be compiled and executed with appropriate inputs. Note that this exercise also requires LEX specifications o the tokens involved. (**2 lab classes**)

5. YACC specifications for the syntax of the small language in ALSU's book (1 lab class)

6. Adding error recovery to (5) above to make a complete parser. (1 lab class)

7. S-attributed specification of the semantics of the small language in ALSU"s book to be incorporated into YACC specifications produced in (6) above. (**3 lab classes**)

8. Adding semantic error recovery to the semantic analyzer in (7) above to make a complete semantic analyzer. (**1 lab class**)

9. Intermediate code generation for the constructs of the small language in ALSU"s book to be incorporated into the semantic analyzer of (8) above. (**3 lab classes**)

# Text Books and/or Reference Material

## Text Books

1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools , by A.V. Aho, Monica Lam, Ravi Sethi, and J.D. Ullman, (2nd

ed.), Addison-Wesley, 2007 (main text book, referred to as ALSU in lab assignments).

2. K.D. Cooper, and Linda Torczon, Engineering a Compiler, Morgan Kaufmann, 2004.

## **Reference Books**

# Reference Books:

1. K.C. Louden, Compiler Construction: Principles and Practice, Cengage Learning, 1997.

2. D. Brown, J. Levine, and T. Mason, LEX and YACC, O"Reilly Media, 1992.

# COURSE OUTCOME:

**CO1:** Understand the practical approaches of how a compiler works.

**CO2:** Understand and analyze the role of syntax and semantics of Programming languages in compiler construction

**CO3:**Apply the techniques and algorithms used in Compiler Construction in compiler component design

CO4: To use different tools in construction of the phases of a compiler for the mini language

Course Name: Computer Networks Lab Course Code: PCCCS 692 Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-4 Credits: 2 Prerequisites: Programming Languages

Module 1 [4L]

NIC Installation & Configuration (Windows/Linux)

Understanding IP address, subnet etc Familiarization with Networking cables (CAT5, UTP) Connectors (RJ45, T-connector), Hubs, Switches.

## Module 2: [8L]

Routing and Switching: Routing Protocols, NAT, ACL, Frame Relay, VLAN.

## Module 3 [6L]

TCP/UDP Socket Programming, TCP based, UDP based Multicast & Broadcast Sockets, Implementation of a Prototype Multithreaded Server.

## Module 4 [8L]

Implementation of Data Link Layer Flow Control Mechanism (Stop & Wait, Sliding Window), Data Link Layer Error Detection Mechanism (Cyclic Redundancy Check), Data Link Layer Error Control Mechanism (Selective Repeat, Go Back N), Server Setup/Configuration, FTP, TelNet, NFS, DNS, Firewall.

## **Text Books and/or Reference**

## **Material Text Books**

1. Data Communication and Networking, 4th Edition, Behrouz A. Forouzan, McGrawHill.

2. Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, William Stallings, Pearson Prentice Hall India.

3. Routing and Switching, Cisco Press

## **Reference Books**

1. Computer Networks, 8th Edition, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Pearson New International Edition.

- 2. Internetworking with TCP/IP, Volume 1, 6th Edition Douglas Comer, Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. TCP/IP Illustrated, Volume 1, W. Richard Stevens, Addison-Wesley, United States of America.

# **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** Specify simple abstract data types and design implementations, using abstraction functions to document them.

**CO2:** Recognize features of object-oriented design such as encapsulation, polymorphism,

inheritance, and composition of systems based on object identity.

**CO3:** Name and apply some common object-oriented design patterns and give examples of their use.

**CO4:** Design applications with an event-driven graphical user interface.

## **Course Name: Cloud Computing & IoT Lab**

Course Code: PCCCS693 Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 0-0-2 Credits: 1

List of Experiment

1. Install Virtualbox/VMware Workstation with different flavours of linux or windows OS

on top of windows7 or 8.

2. Install Cloudsim and run some task scheduling algorithms

3. Install KVM (Kernel Virtual Machine) and test the interface

4. Build an IOT network with multi-sensor on a Tinkercad.

5. Build a IOT device/network multi-sensor data upload, retrieval and analysis system using NodeMCU and ThinkSpeak.

6. Build a single-node IOT data storage for IOT sub-networks connected via internet.

#### Text Books and/or Reference Books

1. Cloud Computing Bible by Barrie Sosinsky, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2013

2. Mastering Cloud Computing by Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. Thamarai Selvi, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2013

3. Cloud computing: A practical approach, Anthony T. Velte, Tata Mcgraw-Hill

4. Cloud Computing, Miller, Pearson

5. Building applications in cloud : Concept, Patterns and Projects, Moyer, Pearson

6. Cloud Computing – Second Edition by Dr. Kumar Saurabh, Wiley India

7. "The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases", by Pethuru Raj and Anupama C. Raman ,CRC Press.

8. Adrian McEwen, Designing the Internet of Things, Wiley, 2013.

#### **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** Describe the fundamentals of Cloud and Internet of Things (IoT).

**CO2:** Interpret models of distributed and cloud computing.

**CO3:** Examine prototypes for Internet of Things (IoT).

**CO4:** Estimate the applications of IoT and cloud.

Course Name: VLSI Course Code: PECCS601A Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Analog Electronic Devices, Graph Theory, Advanced Algorithms

Module 1 [10L] Introduction to VLSI Different levels of integration, a brief overview of VLSI Design Cycle.

#### **Introduction to CMOS circuits**

MOS Transistors, MOS transistor switches, CMOS Logic, The inverter, Combinational Logic, NAND gate, NOT Gate, Compound Gates, Multiplexers, Memory-Latches and Registers.

#### **Processing Technology**

Silicon Semiconductor Technology- an Overview, wafer processing, oxidation, epitaxy deposition, Ion-implantation and diffusion, The Silicon Gate Process- Basic CMOS Technology, basic n-well CMOS process, p-well CMOS process, Twin tub process, Silicon on insulator.

#### Module 2 [11L]

#### Programmable Logic Technology & VHDL Programming

Programmable Logic structure, Programmable interconnect, and Reprogrammable Gate Array: Xilinx Programmable Gate Array, Design Methods: Behavioural Synthesis, RTL synthesis; Case studies of basic digital circuits using VHDL; Case studies of integrating standard digital circuits into a processing module using VHDL.

## <u>Module</u>

## 3 [9L] Graph

#### Theory

Planar graph; back edge, forward edge detection; Hamiltonian cycle; Chordal graph; Interval graph.

#### **Advanced Algorithms**

NP, NP hard, NP Complete problems; Approximation algorithm; Heuristic algorithm.

#### Module 4 [8L]

#### **Placement and Routing**

Placement: Min-cut based placement. Routing: Routing models, Channel Routing Problem and its objectives, channel routing algorithms.

## **Verification and Testing**

Verification Versus Testing, Verification: timing verification, Testing concepts: failures - types of tests - FPGAs.

## Text Books and/or Reference Books

1. "Digital Integrated Circuit", J.M.Rabaey, Chandrasan, Nicolic, Pearson

2. "CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit", S.M.Kang&Y.Leblebici, TMH

3. "Modern VLSI Design" Wayne Wolf, Pearson

4. "Digital design: with an introduction to the verilog HDL, VHDL, and system Verilog."M Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti.

5. "Algorithm for VLSI Design & Automation", N.Sherwani, Kluwer

- 6. VHDL: programming by example. Douglas L. Perry, McGraw-Hill Education,
- 7. "Digital Integrated Circuits" Demassa& Ciccone, Willey Pub.
- 8. "Modern VLSI Design: system on silicon" Wayne Wolf; Addison Wesley Longman Publisher
- 9. "Basic VLSI Design" Douglas A. Pucknell& Kamran Eshranghian; PHI
- 10. "CMOS Circuit Design, Layout & Simulation", R.J.Baker, H.W.Lee, D.E. Boyee, PHI

## **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** To study and understand various VLSI design technologies & process

- **CO2:** To understand hardware description language programming
- CO3: To study and understand algorithms related VLSI design

CO4: To understand routing, verification and testing of VLSI design

Course Name: Soft Computing Course Code: PECCS602B Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Artificial

## Intelligence Module I [4L]

Introduction to fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic systems; introduction to biological and artificial neural network; introduction to Genetic Algorithm

## Module II [14L]

Fuzzy sets and Fuzzy logic systems: Classical Sets and Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy relations : Operations on Classical sets, properties of classical sets, Fuzzy set operations, properties of fuzzy sets, cardinality, operations, and properties of fuzzy relations.

Membership functions : Features of membership functions, standard forms and boundaries, different fuzzification methods.

Fuzzy to Crisp conversions: Lambda Cuts for fuzzy sets, fuzzy Relations, Defuzzification methods.
Classical Logic and Fuzzy Logic: Classical predicate logic, Fuzzy Logic, Approximate reasoning and Fuzzy Implication Fuzzy Rule based Systems: Linguistic Hedges, Fuzzy Rule based system – Aggregation of fuzzy Rules, Fuzzy Inference System- Mamdani Fuzzy Models – Sugeno Fuzzy Models.

Introduction to Rough Sets, Set Approximation, Rough Membership, Application of Rough sets.

## Module III [12L]

Neural Network

Introduction to Neural Networks: Advent of Modern Neuroscience, Classical AI and Neural Networks, Biological Neurons and Artificial neural network; model of artificial neuron. Learning Methods: Hebbian, competitive, Boltzman etc., Neural Network models: Perceptron, Adaline and Madaline networks; single layer network; Backpropagation and multi layer networks.

Competitive learning networks: Kohonen self organizing networks, Hebbian learning; Hopfield Networks.

Neuro-Fuzzy modelling:Applications of Neural Networks: Pattern Recognition and classification.

## Module IV [12L]

Genetic Algorithms: Simple GA, crossover and mutation, Multi-objective Genetic Algorithm (MOGA). Applications of Genetic Algorithm: genetic algorithms in search and optimization, GA based clustering Algorithm, Image processing and pattern Recognition.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Fuzzy logic with engineering applications, Timothy J. Ross, John

2. S. Rajasekaran and G.A.V.Pai, "Neural Networks, Wiley and Sons.

3. Principles of Soft Computing , S N Sivanandam, S. Sumathi, John Wiley & Sons

4. Genetic Algorithms in search, Optimization & Machine Learning by David E. Goldberg

5. Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft computing, Jang, Sun, Mizutani, PHI

6. Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach,1/e by Kumar Satish, TMH

7. Genetic Algorithms in search, Optimization & Machine Learning by David E. Goldberg, Pearson/PHI

8. A beginners approach to Soft Computing, Samir Roy & Udit Chakraborty, Pearson

9. Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic: Theory and Applications, George J. Klir and Bo Yuan, Prentice Hall

10. Neural Networks: A Comprehensive Foundation (2nd Edition), Simon Haykin, Prentice Hall.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1.** To have developed the basic concepts of soft computing techniques.

CO2. To acquire and apply the concepts of fuzzy sets, fuzzy logic and rough sets.

CO3. To acquire concepts of artificial neural network.

CO4. To acquire and apply concepts of Genetic Algorithm.

Course Name: Computer Graphics Course Code: PECCS601C Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Mathematics, Physics, Basic Principles of C Programming, Design & Analysis of Algorithm

#### Module 1 [10L]

#### **Introduction to Computer Graphics & Graphics Systems**

Overview of computer graphics, representing pictures, preparing, presenting & interacting with pictures for presentations; Visualization & image processing; RGB color model, direct coding, lookup table; storage tube graphics display, Raster scan display, 3Dviewing devices, etc.; Active & Passive graphics devices; Computer graphics software.

#### **Scan Conversion**

Points & lines, Line drawing algorithms; DDA algorithm, Bresenham's line algorithm, Circle generation algorithm; Ellipse generating algorithm; Scan line polygon fill algorithm, boundary fill algorithm, flood fill algorithm.

## Module 2 [10L]

## 2D Transformation & Viewing

Basic transformations: translation, rotation, scaling; Matrix representations & homogeneous coordinates, transformations between coordinate systems; Reflection, shear; Transformation of points, lines, parallel lines, intersecting lines.

Viewing pipeline: Window to viewport coordinate transformation, Clipping operations, point clipping, line clipping, clipping circles, polygons & ellipse. Cohen and Sutherland line clipping, Sutherland-Hodgeman Polygon clipping, Cyrus-beck clipping method.

## **3D** Transformation & Viewing

3D transformations: translation, rotation, scaling & other transformations. General parallel projection transformation: clipping, viewport clipping, 3D viewing.

## Module 3

#### [10L] Curves

Curve representation, surfaces, designs, Bezier curves, B-spline curves, end conditions for periodic B-spline curves, rational B-spline curves.

#### **Hidden Surfaces**

Depth comparison, Z-buffer algorithm, Back face detection, BSP tree method, the Painter's algorithm, scan-line algorithm; Hidden line elimination, wire frame methods, fractal-geometry.

#### Module 4 [5L]

#### Color & Shading Models

Light & color model: inter polative shading model; Texture.

#### **Introduction to Ray-tracing**

Human vision and color: Lighting, Reflection and transmission models.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Hearn, Baker "Computer Graphics (C version 2nd Ed.)" Pearson education
- 2. Z. Xiang, R. Plastock " Schaum's outlines Computer Graphics (2nd Ed.)" TMH
- D. F. Rogers, J. A. Adams "Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics (2nd Ed.)" – TMH
- 4. Mukherjee "Fundamentals of Computer graphics & Multimedia", PHI
- 5. Buford J. K. "Multimedia Systems" Pearson Education
- 6. Mukherjee Arup "Introduction to Computer Graphics", Vikas
- 7. Hill "Computer Graphics using open GL", Pearson Education
- 8. Hearn, Baker, Carithers "Computer Graphics with open GL", Pearson Education

#### **Reference Books:**

 Foley, Vandam, Feiner, Hughes – "Computer Graphics principles (2nd Ed.)" – Pearson Education. 2. W. M. Newman, R. F. Sproull – "Principles of Interactive computer Graphics" – TMH.

#### **Course Outcome:**

CO1: Knowledge about graphics systems. Make raster scan conversion and filling of basic geometric objects

CO2: Understand different geometric transformations of 2D/3D graphics-objects.

CO3: Understand different viewing and clipping methods and visible surface detection.

CO4: Understand 3D object representation through Bezier, B-Spline, illumination models, ray tracing, color model.

Course Name: Cyber Security Course Code: PECCS601D Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Computer Networks

#### Module 1 [6L]

#### **Introduction to Cyber Security**

Overview of Cyber Security, Internet Governance, Cyber Threats: Cyber Warfare-Cyber Crime-Cyber terrorism-Cyber Espionage, Need for a Comprehensive Cyber Security Policy, Need for a Nodal Authority, Need for an International convention on Cyberspace.

## Module 2 [10L]

## Cyber Security Vulnerabilities and Cyber Security Safeguards

Cyber Security Vulnerabilities-Overview, vulnerabilities in software, System administration, Complex Network Architectures, Open Access to Organizational Data, Weak Authentication, Unprotected Broadband communications, Poor Cyber Security Awareness. Cyber Security Safeguards- Overview, Access control, Audit, Authentication, Biometrics, Deception, Denial of Service Filters, Ethical Hacking, Intrusion Detection Systems, Response, Scanning, Security policy, Threat Management.

## Module3 [10L]

Securing Web Application, Services, Servers, Intrusion Detection and Prevention Introduction, Basic security for HTTP Applications and Services, Basic Security for SOAP Services, Identity Management and Web Services, Authorization Patterns, Security Considerations, Challenges. Intrusion, Physical Theft, Abuse of Privileges, Unauthorized Access by Outsider, Malware infection, Intrusion detection and Prevention Techniques, Anti-Malware software, Network based Intrusion detection Systems, Network based Intrusion Prevention Systems, Host based Intrusion prevention Systems, Security Information Management, Network Session Analysis, System Integrity Validation.

## Module 4 [10L]

## Network Security, Cyberspace and the Law, Cyber Forensics

User Management, VPN Security Protocols: - security at the Application Layer- PGP and S/MIME, Security at Transport Layer- SSL and TLS, Security at Network Layer-IPSec. Introduction to Cyberspace Law, Cyber Security Regulations, Roles of International Law, the state and Private Sector in Cyberspace, Cyber Security Standards. The INDIAN Cyberspace National Cyber Security Policy 2013. Introduction to Cyber Forensics, Handling Preliminary Investigations, Controlling an Investigation, Conducting disk-based analysis, Investigating Information-hiding, Scrutinizing E-mail, Validating E-mail header information, Tracing Internet access, Tracing memory in real-time.

#### Text Books and/or Reference Material

#### **Text Books**

 W.A.Coklin, G.White, Principles of Computer Security: Fourth Edition, McGrawHill, 2016
 Thomas Halt, Adam M. Bossler and Kathryn C.Seigfried Spellar, —Cybercrime and Digital Forensics: An Introduction, Routledge Taylor and Francis Group 2017.

3. Michael T. Simpson, Kent Backman, James Corley — Hands-On Ethical Hacking and Network Defense, 2016

4. Atul Kahate, —Cryptography and Network Security, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.

#### **Reference Books**

1. Daswani N., Kern C., Kesavan A., Foundations of Security, Apress, 2007

2. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, —Cybercrime, ABC – CLIO Inc, California, 2004

#### **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1:** Analyze and resolve security issues in networks and computer systems to secure an IT infrastructure.

**CO2:** Design, develop, test and evaluate secure software.

**CO3:** Develop policies and procedures to manage enterprise security risks.

**CO4:** Evaluate and communicate the human role in security systems with an emphasis on ethics, social engineering vulnerabilities and training.

Course Name: Graph Theory Course Code: PECCS602A Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Discrete Mathematics

## Module 1 [9L]

**Preliminaries:** Graphs, isomorphism, subgraphs, matrix representations, degree, operations on graphs, degree sequences, Walks, trails, paths, connected graphs, distance, cut vertices, cut edges, blocks, weighted graphs, connectivity, Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm, Floyd Warshall shortest path algorithm.

#### Module 2 [10L]

**Special classes of graphs:** Characterizations, number of trees, minimum spanning trees; Characterizations, number of trees, minimum spanning trees; Bipartite graphs, line graphs, chordal graphs; Eulerian graphs; Characterization, Fleury's algorithm, chinese-postman-problem; Hamilton graphs; Necessary conditions and sufficient conditions, Interval graph.

#### Module 3 [5L]

**Coloring:** Basic equations, matchings in bipartite graphs, perfect; Vertex-colourings; Chromatic numberand cliques, greedy coloring algorithm, coloring of chordal graphs, Brook'stheorem; Edge-colorings.

## Module 4 [8L]

**Planar graphs, Directed graphs:** Basic concepts, Eulers formula, polyhedrons and planar graphs, charactrizations, planarity testing, 5-color-theorem; Directed graph, underlying graph, out-degree, in-degree, connectivity, orientation, Eulerian directed graphs, Hamilton directed graphs, tournaments.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

### **Text Books**

- 1. J.A. Bondy and U.S.R.Murty: Graph Theory and Applications
- 2. D.B.West: Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice-Hall of India/Pearson, 2009

### **Reference Books**

- 1. J.A.Bondy and U.S.R.Murty: Graph Theory, Springer, 2008
- 2. R.Diestel: Graph Theory, Springer 2000.

### **Course Outcomes (CO):**

CO1: Demonstrate the knowledge of fundamental concepts in graph theory, including properties and characterization of graphs and trees.

CO2: Use graphs for solving real life problems.

CO3: Distinguish between planar and non-planar graphs and solve problems.

CO4: Develop efficient algorithms for graph related problems in different domains of engineering and science.

### **Course Name: Natural Language**

Processing Course Code: PECCS602B

Semester: 7

Contact Hours: L-T-P:

#### 3-0-0 Credits: 3

Prerequisites: Data Structure and Algorithms and Formal Language and Automata Theory

### Module I [8L]

**Introduction:** Natural Language Processing - Problems and perspectives Information Extraction and Named Entity Recognition, Text processing, Corpora and their construction **Regular Expressions and Tokenization:** Regular Expression, Finite State Automata, Grammars for natural language, Word Tokenization, Normalization, Sentence Segmentation, Named Entity Recognition, Multi Word Extraction, Minimum Edit Distance, Computational Morphology, Morphological operations

## Module II [8L]

**Language Modeling:** Introduction to N-grams, Chain Rule, and Part of Speech Tagging – Rule based and Machine Learning based approaches

**Computational Lexical Semantics:** Introduction to Lexical Semantics – Homonymy, Polysemy, Synonymy, Thesaurus – WordNet, Computational Lexical Semantics – Thesaurus based and Distributional Word Similarity

## Module III: [10L]

**Text Classification:** Text Classification, Naïve Bayes' Text Classification, Evaluation, Sentiment Analysis – Opinion Mining and Emotion Analysis, Resources and Techniques

**Information Retrieval:** Boolean Retrieval, Term-document incidence, The Inverted Index, Query Optimization, Phrase Queries, Ranked Retrieval, Term Frequency, Inverse Document Frequency based ranking

### Module IV [6L]

**Applications:** Sentiment Analysis, Topic modeling, Summarization, Recommendation System, and Chatbot

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Allen, James, Natural Language Understanding, Second Edition, Benjamin/Cumming, 1995. Charniack, Eugene, Statistical Language Learning, MIT Press, 1993.

2. Jurafsky, Dan and Martin, James, Speech and Language Processing, Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.

3. Manning, Christopher and Heinrich, Schutze, Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing, MIT Press, 1999.

4. Radford, Andrew et. al., Linguistics, An Introduction, Cambridge University Press, 1999.

5. Foundation of Statistical Natural Language Processing, Manning and Schutze, MIT Press

## **Course Outcomes (CO):**

CO1: Develop a broad understanding of the field of natural language processing

CO2: Develop a sense of the capabilities and limitations of current natural language technologies, and some of the algorithms and techniques that underlie these technologies

CO3: Evaluate language technology components

CO4: Familiarize with a sample of machine learning techniques and can assess which ones are suitable for a given problem and able to explain the interaction between rule based and probabilistic methods in language technology

# Course Name: Web and Internet Technology Course Code: PECCS602C Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

Prerequisites: Basics of

Programming Module 1 [6L]

#### Introduction

Overview, Network of Networks, Intranet, Extranet, and Internet. World Wide Web, Domain and Sub domain, Address Resolution, DNS, Telnet, FTP, HTTP.

## TCP/IP

Features, Segment, Three-Way Handshaking, Flow Control, Error Control, Congestion control, IP Datagram, IPv4 and IPv6. IP Subnetting and addressing - Classful and Classless Addressing, Subnetting. NAT, IP masquerading, IP tables.

### **Routing Protocol**

Routing - Intra and Inter Domain Routing, Unicast and Multicast Routing, Broadcast, Electronic Mail Protocol - POP3, SMTP.

# Module 2 [9L] HTML

Introduction, Editors, Elements, Attributes, Heading, Paragraph. Formatting, Link, Head, Table, List, Block, Layout, CSS. Form, Iframe, Colors, Colorname, Colorvalue.

### Image Maps

Map, area, attributes of image area.

### Extensible Markup Language (XML)

Introduction, Tree, Syntax, Elements, Attributes, Validation, Viewing. XHTML in brief.

#### **CGI Scripts**

Introduction, Environment Variable, GET and POST Methods.

### Module 3 [10L]

PERL

Introduction, Variable, Condition, Loop, Array, Implementing data structure, Hash, String, Regular Expression, File handling, I/O handling.

### JavaScript

Basics, Statements, comments, variable, comparison, condition, switch, loop, break. Object - string, array, Boolean, reg-ex. Function, Errors, Validation.

## Cookies

Definition of cookies, Create and Store a cookie with example.

## Java Applets

Container Class, Components, Applet Life Cycle, Update method; Parameter passing applet, Applications.

## Module 4 [12L]

### **Client-Server programming In Java**

Java Socket, Java RMI.

## Threats

Malicious code-viruses, Trojan horses, worms; eavesdropping, spoofing, modification, denial of service attacks.

## **Network security techniques**

Password and Authentication; VPN, IP Security, security in electronic transaction, Secure Socket Layer (SSL), Secure Shell (SSH).

### Firewall

Introduction, Packet filtering, Stateful, Application layer, Proxy.

### **Internet Telephony**

Introduction, VoIP.

### **Multimedia Applications**

Multimedia over IP: RSVP, RTP, RTCP and RTSP. Streaming media, Codec and Plugins, IPTV.

## Search Engine and Web Crawler

Definition, Meta data, Web Crawler, Indexing, Page rank, overview of SEO.

### Text Books and/or Reference Books

1. Web Technology: A Developer's Perspective, N.P. Gopalan and J. Akilandeswari, PHI Learning, Delhi, 2013.

2. Internetworking Technologies, An Engineering Perspective, Rahul Banerjee, PHI Learning, Delhi, 2011.

## **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** Students will be able to understand basic communication.

**CO2:** Students will be able to understand the concept of network and internet.

**CO3:** Students will be able to learn the client and server side.

**CO4:** Students will be able to learn the security of the network too.

Course Name: Digital Forensics Course Code: PECCS602D Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Computer

## Networks Module 1 [6L]

Computer forensics fundamentals, Benefits of forensics, computer crimes, computer forensics evidence and courts, legal concerns and private issues.

## Module 2 [8L]

Understanding Computing Investigations – Procedure for corporate High-Tech investigations, understanding data recovery work station and software, conducting and investigations.

## Module 3 [8L]

Data acquisition- understanding storage formats and digital evidence, determining the best acquisition method, acquisition tools, validating data acquisitions, performing RAID data acquisitions, remote network acquisition tools, other forensics acquisitions tools.

## <u> Module 4 [14L]</u>

Processing crimes and incident scenes, securing a computer incident or crime, seizing digital evidence at scene, storing digital evidence, obtaining digital hash, reviewing case. Current computer forensics tools- software, hardware tools, validating and testing forensic software, addressing data-hiding techniques, performing remote acquisitions, E-Mail investigations-investigating email crime and violations, understanding E-Mail servers, specialized E-Mail forensics tool.

## Text Books and/or Reference

## Material Text Books

1. Warren G. Kruse II and Jay G. Heiser, "Computer Forensics: Incident Response Essentials", Addison Wesley, 2002.

2. Nelson, B, Phillips, A, Enfinger, F, Stuart, C., "Guide to Computer Forensics and Investigations, 2nd ed., Thomson Course Technology, 2006, ISBN: 0-619-21706-5.

## **Reference Books**

1. Vacca, J, Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Scene Investigation, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, Charles River Media, 2005, ISBN: 1-58450-389.

Course Outcomes:

- CO1: Understand the definition of computer forensics fundamentals.
- CO2: Evaluate the different types of computer forensics technology
- CO3: Analyze various computer forensics systems.

CO4: Apply the methods for data recovery, evidence collection and data seizure

Course Name: Quantum Computation and Quantum Information Course Code: OECCS601A Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Data Structure and Algorithm, Linear algebra, Calculus

## Module 1 [6L]

**Introduction to Quantum Computing:** Motivation for studying Quantum Computing, Major players in the industry, Origin of Quantum Computing; Overview of major concepts in Quantum Computing (Qubits and multi-qubits states, Bra-ket notation, Bloch Sphere representation, Quantum Superposition, Quantum Entanglement)

## Module 2 [6L]

Math Foundation for Quantum Computing: Matrix Algebra: basis vectors and orthogonality, inner product and Hilbert spaces, matrices and tensors, unitary operators and projectors, Dirac notation, Eigen values and Eigen vectors.

## Module 3 [10L]

**Building Blocks for Quantum Program:** Architecture of a Quantum Computing platform; **Details of q-bit system of information representation:** Block Sphere Multi-qubits States; Quantum superposition of qubits (valid and invalid superposition); Quantum Entanglement; Useful states from quantum algorithmic perceptive e.g. Bell State; Operation on qubits: Measuring and

transforming using gates; Quantum Logic gates and Circuit: Pauli, Hadamard, phase shift, controlled, gates, Ising, Deutsch, swap. **Programming model for a Quantum Computing Program**: Steps performed on classical computer, Steps performed on Quantum Computer, Moving data between bits and qubits. ]

## Module 4 [12L]

**Quantum Algorithms:** Basic techniques exploited by quantum algorithms; Amplitude amplification; Quantum Fourier Transform; Phase Kick-back; Quantum Phase estimation; Quantum Walks; **Major Algorithms:** Shor's Algorithm, Grover's Algorithm, Deutsch's Algorithm, Deutsch - Jozsa Algorithm.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

# Text Books

1. Michael A. Nielsen, "Quantum Computation and Quantum Information", Cambridge University Press.

2. David McMahon, "Quantum Computing Explained", Wiley

3. P. Kaye, R. Laflamme, and M. Mosca. An Introduction to Quantum Computing. Oxford, 2007.

## **Reference Books**

1. Quantum computing for computer scientists, Noson S. Yanofsky, Mirco A. Mannucci, Cambridge University Press 2008

2. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, David J. Griffiths, Prentice Hall New Jersey 1995.

**Course Outcomes (CO):** On successful completion, students will gain understanding of -

CO1: The basic principles of quantum computing.

CO2: The fundamental differences between conventional computing and quantum computing.

CO3: Several basic quantum computing algorithms.

CO4: The classes of problems that can be expected to be solved well by quantum computers.

Course Name: History of Science & Engineering Course Code: OECCS601B Semester: 6 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

## Module 1 [10L]

Understanding 'science' from the Ancient Indian perspective : Ontology, Epistemology, Methodology; Overview of scientific developments: Chronological development and evolution, Sources and evidences; Astronomy : Ritual origins of classical Indian Astronomy, Knowledge revealed in the Samhitas, Brahmanas, and Sutras, Pre-Siddhantic and Siddhantic developments, Survey of Astronomical tables, Transmission and global influences

## Module 2 [8L]

Mathematics: Knowledge revealed in Vedic and Post-Vedic texts, Contributions by eminent mathematicians: Aryabhata, Brahmagupta, Bhaskaracharya, The Kerala School of Mathematics, Traditions of Computational Techniques, Cross-cultural exchanges (with China, Arab World, Central Asia and Greece)

### Module 3 [6L]

Medicine and Health Sciences and Technology: Ayurveda, Yoga, Contributions by Charaka and Sushruta, Surgery and surgical instruments

## Module 4 [12L]

Allied Sciences and Technology: Contributions in the field of Architecture, Developments and practices in Civil Engineering, Advances in Metallurgy, Findings and applications of Chemistry, Measurements, Tools, Instruments and their Evolution; Ongoing research in this area, Future explorations

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Ancient Indian Leaps into Mathematics, Yadav, B.S., Mohan & Man (eds.), 2011

2. Astronomy in India: A Historical Perspective, Thanu Padmanabhan (ed), 2010

### 3. Ancient Indian Medicine, P. Kutumbiah, 1962

# 7<sup>th</sup> Semester

Course Name: Network Security & Cryptography Course Code: PCCCS701 Semester: 7 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 2-0-0 Credits: 2 Prerequisite: Computer Network

Module1 [12L]

**Introduction to Cryptographic Tools:** Security Goals, Threats, Vulnerabilities and Attacks, Types of Attacks, Security Services and Mechanisms, Symmetric Key Cryptography, Block Ciphers, Stream Ciphers, DES, IDEA, AES, Asymmetric Key Cryptography, RSA, ElGamal Cryptosystems, Elliptic Curve Cryptosystems, Message Integrity and Message Authentication, Cryptographic Hash Functions, Digital Signatures, Key Management, Kerberos.

# Module2 [12L]

Security at different Network Layers : IP Security Overview, IP Security Architecture, Security Association, Authentication Header, Encapsulated Security Payload, Internet Key Exchange, SSL Architecture, Four SSL Protocols, SSL Message Format, Transport Layer Security, HTTPS, SSH, Email Security, PGP, S/MIME.

# Module3 [8L]

**Firewalls and Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems:** Firewall Characteristics, Types of Firewalls, Firewall Basing, Firewall Location and Configuration, Intrusion Detection Systems: Intruders, Intrusion Detection, Host Based Intrusion Detection, Network Based Intrusion Detection, Distributed Intrusion Detection, Intrusion Detection Exchange Format, Honeypots, Intrusion Prevention Systems.

# Module1 [8L]

**Malicious Software and Software Security:** Types of Malicious Software, Viruses, Virus Countermeasures, Worms, Bots, Botnets, Rootkits, Buffer Overflow Attacks, Defence against Buffer Overflows, Handling Program Inputs, Writing Safe Program Codes, Interaction with Operating System and Other Software.

# Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Computer Security: Principles and Practices, by William Stallings and Larry Brown, First Edition, 2008, Pearson Education

2. Network Security: Private Communication in a Public World by Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman and Mike Speciner, Second Edition, 2003, Prentice Hall India 21

3. Cryptography and Network Security, by William Stallings, Fifth Edition, , Prentice Hall, 2010

4. Cryptography and Network Security by Behrouz A. Forouzan and Debdeep Mukhopadhyay, Second Edition, 2010, Tata McGraw Hill

5. Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards, by William Stallings, Edition, , Pearson Education

6. Security in Computing, by Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, 4th Edition, 2007, Prentice Hall

## **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1:** Analyze and resolve security issues in networks and computer systems to secure an IT infrastructure.

**CO2:** Design, develop, test and evaluate secure software.

**CO3:** Develop policies and procedures to manage enterprise security risks.

**CO4:** Evaluate and communicate the human role in security systems with an emphasis on ethics, social engineering vulnerabilities and training.

Course Name: Embedded Systems Course Code: PECCS701A Semester: 7 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Analog Electronic Circuits, Digital

## Electronics Module 1 [10L]

### 8051 Microcontroller Architecture

8051 Micro Controller: Hardware Architecture, pintouts - Functional Building Blocks of Processor - Memory organization -I/O ports and data transfer concepts- Timing Diagram - Interrupts.

## **Microcontroller Programming**

Instruction format and addressing modes, assembly language format - Data transfer, data manipulation & control instructions - Programming: Loop structure with counting & Indexing - Look up table - Subroutine instructions - stack. I/O instructions - Simple programming exercises key board and display interface.

### Module 2 [6L]

### Introduction to Embedded System

Embedded system VS General computing systems, Purpose of Embedded systems, Design challenge - optimizing design metrics, embedded processor technology, Microprocessor and Microcontroller, Hardware architecture of the real time systems. A/D converter and D/A Converter, RISC vs CISC, Example of Embedded system.

## Module 3 [10L]

**AVR Microcontroller:** Introduction to AVR (ATmega 328p-pu) microcontroller, pin layout, architecture, program memory, Data Direction register, Port Registers (PORTx), PWM registers (8-bit), ADC registers, basics of communication, overview and interfacing I/O devices with I2C Bus, UART and Serial Peripheral Interchange (SPI) bus, Programming Embedded Systems with AVR (Arduino API)

## **Case Studies:**

Interfacing with LDR sensor. Interfacing with analog and digital temperature sensor; Interfacing with ultra-sonic sensor; Interfacing with flex sensor; Interfacing with gas sensor; Interfacing with motor;

## Module 4 [10L]

**ARM microcontroller:** Architecture of ARM Embedded microcontroller, ARM instruction set, Introduction to ARMv8-A based embedded development board (i.e. Raspberry Pi rev.4), Programming a Raspberry Pi rev.4 using Python 2.7, User defined LED blink using Raspberry Pi GPIOs, communication between an Arduino UNO rev.3 with Raspberry Pi 4 over USB serial.

## **Case Studies:**

Interfacing with analog and digital temperature sensor; Interfacing with ultra-sonic sensor; Interfacing with flex sensor; Interfacing with motor;Interfacing with camera;

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

- 1. Mohamed Ali Mazidi, Janice GillispieMazidi, Rolin McKinlay, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C", Second Edition, Pearson education, 2011.
- 2. Raj Kamal, Embedded systems- Architecture, Programming and Design, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Dhananjay Gadre, "Programming and Customizing the AVR Microcontroller"; McGraw Hill Education, 2014.
- 4. Elliot Williams, "AVR Programming: Learning to Write Software for Hardware", Maker Media, Incorporated, 2014
- 5. An Embedded Software Primer David E. Simon, Pearson Ed., 2005.

### **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** To study and understand 8051 microcontroller architecture & programming **CO2:** To understand general embedded systems architecture and related concepts **CO3:** To study and understand ATmega 328 microcontroller architecture &

programming

**CO4:** To study and understand Raspberry Pi architecture & programming

# Course Name: Data Mining Course Code: PECCS701B Semester: 7 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

Prerequisites: Data Structure and Algorithm, Mathematics and Statistics III

## Module 1 [4L]

Data Design - Design decisions, Basics of Dimensional modeling, E-R modeling versus Dimensional modeling; The STAR schema - illustration, Dimension Table, Fact Table, Factless Fact Table, Data granularity STAR schema keys - Primary, Surrogate, and Foreign; Advantages of the STAR schema, STAR schema examples

### Module 2 [5L]

Overview of ETL, Requirements of ETL and steps; Data extraction - identification of sources and techniques; Data transformation - Basic tasks, Transformation types, Data integration and

consolidation, Transformation for dimension attributes; Data loading - Techniques and processes, Data refresh versus update, Procedures for Dimension tables, Fact tables : History and incremental loads; ETL Tool options

Importance of data quality, Challenges for data quality, Data quality tools, Data cleansing and purification, Master Data Management

# Module 3 [6L]

Information from Data warehouse versus Operational systems, Users of information - their needs and how to provide information; Information delivery - queries, reports, analysis, and applications; Information delivery tools - Desktop environment, Methodology and criteria for tool selection, Information delivery framework, Business Activity Monitoring, Dashboards and Scorecards; Web-enabled Data Warehouse - adapting data warehouse for the web; Web-based information delivery - Browser technology for data warehouse and Security issues OLAP and Web - Enterprise OLAP, Web-OLAP approaches, OLAP Engine design

# <u>Module 4 [11L]</u>

Overview of Data mining - Definition, Knowledge Discovery Process (Relationships, Patterns, Phases of the process), OLAP versus Data mining; Some aspects of Data mining -Association rules, Outlier analysis, Predictive analytics etc) Concepts of Data mining in a Data warehouse environment; Major Data Mining techniques - Cluster Detection, Decision Trees, Memory-based Reasoning, Link Analysis, Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms etc

Data Mining Applications in industry - Benefits of Data mining, Discussion on applications in Customer Relationship Management (CRM), Retail, Telecommunication, Biotechnology, Banking and Finance etc

# Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. Data Warehousing Fundamentals for IT Professionals, Second Edition by Paulraj Ponniah, Wiley India

2. Data Warehousing, Data Mining, & OLAP - Second Edition by Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith, Tata McGraw Hill Education

3. Data warehouse Toolkit by Ralph Kimball, Wiley India

## Course Outcome:

CO1: To study and understand different data warehousing process.

CO2: To study, understand and apply different feature extraction technique.

CO3: To study, understand and apply the various machines learning algorithm.

CO4: To study, understand domain specific algorithm selection.

Course Name: Image Processing Course Code: PECCS701C Semester: 7 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Computer

## Graphics Module 1 [5L]

## Introduction

Background, Digital Image Representation, Fundamental steps in Image Processing, Elements of Digital Image Processing - Image Acquisition, Storage, Processing, Communication, Display.

## Module 2 [14L]

## **Digital Image Formation**

A Simple Image Model, Geometric Model- Basic Transformation (Translation, Scaling, Rotation), Perspective Projection, Sampling & Quantization - Uniform & Non uniform.

## **Mathematical Preliminaries**

Neighbour of pixels, Connectivity, Relations, Equivalence & Transitive Closure; Distance Measures, Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Fourier Transformation, Properties of The Two Dimensional Fourier Transform, Discrete Fourier Transform, Discrete Cosine & Sine Transform.

## Module 3 [15L]

**Image Enhancement** Spatial Domain Method, Frequency Domain Method, Contrast Enhancement -Linear & Nonlinear Stretching, Histogram Processing; Image Smoothing; Image Sharpening; Image Filtering.

**Image Segmentation** Point Detection, Line Detection, Edge detection, Combined detection, Edge Linking & Boundary Detection - Local Processing, Global Processing via The Hough Transform; Thresholding - Foundation, Simple Global Thresholding, Optimal Thresholding; Region Oriented Segmentation - Basic Formulation, Region Growing by Pixel Aggregation, Region Splitting & Merging.

## Module 4 [7L]

**Image Restoration** Degradation Model, Discrete Formulation, Algebraic Approach to Restoration - Unconstrained & Constrained; Constrained Least Square Restoration, Restoration by Homomorphic Filtering, Geometric Transformation - Spatial Transformation, Gray Level Interpolation.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

- 1. Digital Image Processing, Gonzalves, Pearson
- 2. Digital Image Processing, Jahne, Springer India
- 3. Digital Image Processing & Analysis, Chanda & Majumder, PHI

- 4. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Jain, PHI
- 5. Image Processing, Analysis & Machine Vision, Sonka, VIKAS
- 6. Getting Started with GIS- Clarke Keith. C; PE.
- 7. Concepts & Techniques of GIS Lo C.P, Albert, Yeung K.W- PHI.

## Course Outcomes (CO):

CO1: Remember the fundamental concepts of image processing.

CO2: Capable to explain different image enhancement techniques

CO3: Understand and review image transforms model.

CO4: Analyze the basic algorithms used for image processing and image compression with morphological image processing. Design and Synthesize Color image processing and its real world applications.

Course Name: Mobile Computing Course Code: PECCS701D Semester: 7 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Computer

### Networks Module 1 [10L]

Introduction to Personal Communications Services (PCS): PCS Architecture, Mobility management, Networks signalling. Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM) system overview: GSM Architecture, Mobility management, Network signalling. General Packet Radio Services (GPRS): GPRS Architecture, GPRS Network Nodes. Mobile Data Communication: WLANs (Wireless LANs) IEEE 802.11 standard, Mobile IP.

### Module 2 [14L]

Wireless Application Protocol (WAP): The Mobile Internet standard, WAP Gateway and Protocols, wireless mark up Languages (WML). Wireless Local Loop(WLL): Introduction to WLL Architecture, wireless Local Loop Technologies. Third Generation (3G) Mobile Services: Introduction to International Mobile Telecommunications 2000 (IMT 2000) vision, Wideband Code Division Multiple Access (W-CDMA), and CDMA 2000, Quality of services in 3G.

### Module 3 [6L]

Global Mobile Satellite Systems; case studies of the IRIDIUM and GLOBALSTAR systems. Wireless Enterprise Networks: Introduction to Virtual Networks, Blue tooth technology, Blue tooth Protocols.

## Module 4 [6L]

Server-side programming in Java, Pervasive web application architecture, Device independent example application

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

## Text Book:

1. "Pervasive Computing", Burkhardt, Pearson

2. "Mobile Communication", J. Schiller, Pearson

3. "Wireless and Mobile Networks Architectures", Yi-Bing Lin & Imrich Chlamtac, John Wiley & Sons, 2001

4. "Mobile and Personal Communication systems and services", Raj Pandya, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.

## **Reference Book:**

1. "Guide to Designing and Implementing wireless LANs", Mark Ciampa, Thomson learning, Vikas Publishing House, 2001.

2. "Wireless Web Development", Ray Rischpater, Springer Publishing,

3. "The Wireless Application Protocol", Sandeep Singhal, Pearson.

4. "Third Generation Mobile Telecommunication systems", by P.Stavronlakis, Springer Publishers,

## **Course Outcomes:**

CO1: Analyze the various wireless communication technologies.

CO2: Visualize the various important steps in GSM communication

CO3: Analyze the mobile IP and Transport Protocol.

CO4: Enables the students to examine the important aspects of Mobile Adhoc Networks

Course Name: Real Time Operating Systems Course Code: PECCS702A Semester: 7 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Operating Systems

# <u>Module 1</u> [5L] Introduction to OS

Introduction to Operating System: Computer Hardware Organization, BIOS and Boot Process, Multi-threading concepts, Processes, Threads, Scheduling.

## Module 2 [10L]

## Introduction to RTOS

Terminology: RTOS concepts and definitions, real-time design issues, examples, Hardware Considerations: logic states, CPU, memory, I/O, Architectures, RTOS building blocks, Real-Time Kernel, Modelling Timing Constraints.

### Module 3 [10L]

## **Real-Time Task Scheduling**

Task Management & Memory Management, Scheduling Strategies: Schedulers, Run to Completion (RTC) Scheduler, Round Robin (RR) Scheduler, Time Slice (TS) Scheduler, Priority Scheduler, Composite Scheduler, Cyclic Schedulers, Rate-Monotonic Scheduling, Event-Driven Scheduling.

## <u>Module 4 [5L]</u>

### **Related Topics in RTOS**

Basic requirements and basic issues in RTOS, Real-Time Communications, Open Source and Commercial RTOS

### Text Books and/or Reference Material

### **Text Books**

1.J. J Labrosse, "MicroC/OS-II: The Real –Time Kernel", Newnes, 2002.

2. Jane W. S. Liu, "Real-time systems", Prentice Hall, 2000.

3. Rajiv Mall, "Real-Time Systems: Theory and Practice", Pearson Education India.

### **Reference Books**

1. Philips A. Laplante, "Real-Time System Design and Analysis", 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004

CO1: Explain the fundamentals of interaction of OS with a computer and User computation CO2: Explain the fundamental concepts of how process are created and controlled with OS CO3: Compare types and Functionalities in commercial OS

CO4: Application development using RTOS

# Course Name: Pattern Recognition Course Code: PECCS702B Semester: 8

## Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0

### Credits: 3

**Prerequisites:** Data Structure and Algorithm, Mathematics and Statistics, Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning Fundamentals

## Module 1 [7L]

Introduction - Definitions, data sets for Pattern Recognition Different Paradigms of Pattern Recognition Representations of Patterns and Classes Metric and non-metric proximity measures

# <u> Module 2 [7L]</u>

Feature extraction Different approaches to Feature Selection Nearest Neighbour Classifier and variants Efficient algorithms for nearest neighbour classification

## Module 3 [11L]

Different Approaches to Prototype Selection Bayes Classifier Decision Trees Linear Discriminant Function

## <u> Module 4 [11L]</u>

Support Vector Machines Clustering

Clustering Large datasets Combination of Classifiers Applications - Document Recognition

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

### **Text Books**

- 1. Devi V.S.; Murty, M.N. (2011) Pattern Recognition: An Introduction, Universities Press, Hyderabad.
- 2. R. O. Duda, P. E. Hart and D. G. Stork, Pattern Classification, Wiley, 2000.
- 3. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, G James, D. Witten, T Hastie, and R. Tibshirani, Springer, 2013
- 4. Software for Data Analysis: Programming with R (Statistics and Computing), John M. Chambers, Springer
- 5. Mining Massive Data Sets, A. Rajaraman and J. Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2012
- 6. Advances in Complex Data Modeling and Computational Methods in Statistics, Anna Maria Paganoni and PiercesareSecchi, Springer, 2013

### **Reference Books**

- 1. Data Mining and Analysis, Mohammed J. Zaki, Wagner Meira, Cambridge, 2012
- 2. Hadoop: The Definitive Guide (2<sup>nd</sup>Edn.) by Tom White, O'Reilly, 2014
- 3. MapReduce Design Patterns: Building Effective Algorithms and Analytics for Hadoop and Other Systems, Donald Miner, Adam Shook, O'Reilly, 2014
- 4. Beginning R: The Statistical Programming Language, Mark Gardener, Wiley, 2013

### **Course Outcome:**

CO1: To study and understand the basic nature of Data and it's preprocessing for various tasks.

- CO2: To study, understand and apply different feature extraction techniques.
- CO3: To study, understand and apply the various machine learning algorithms.

CO4: To study, understand application of various algorithms in various domains.

## Course Name: Principles of Computer Vision Course Code: PECCS702C Semester: 7 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Computer Graphics, Basics of Machine Learning programming

## Module 1 [8L]

### Introduction to Image acquisition and processing

Overview, computer imaging systems, lenses, Image formation and sensing, Image analysis, preprocessing and Binary image analysis, image filters and transforms.

### Module 2

### [11L] Detection of

### objects

Edge detection, Edge detection performance, Hough transform, corner detection, Segmentation, Morphological filtering, Fourier transform, Case studies on still-image object detection and video-frame base object detection and tracking.

### Module 3 [8L]

### Image pre-processing and analysis

Feature extraction, shape, histogram, color, spectral, texture using CVIPtools; Feature analysis, feature vectors, distance /similarity measures, data pre-processing; Case studies on computational photography;

### Module 4 [11L]

### **Machine Learning**

Pattern Analysis, Classification - Discriminant Function, Supervised, Un-supervised, Semisupervised; Clustering - K-Means, K-Medoids, Mixture of Gaussians; Classifiers - Bayes, KNN, ANN models; Dimensionality Reduction - PCA, LDA, ICA, and Non-parametric methods. Case studies on activity recognition, biometrics.

### **Text Books and/or Reference Material**

- 1. Digital Image Processing, Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Pearson.
- 2. Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications, Richard Szeliski, Springer.
- 3. Programming Computer Vision with Python: Tools and algorithms for analyzing images, Jan Eri Solem, O'Reilly
- 4. Deep Learning, by Goodfellow, Bengio, and Courville.
- 5. Dictionary of Computer Vision and Image Processing, by Fisher et al.

### **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** To understand and apply technologies, process and algorithms in image acquisition **CO2:** To understand and apply technologies, process and algorithms for detection of objects within images

**CO3:** To understand and apply technologies, process and algorithms for image preprocessing and analysis of images

**CO4:** To understand and apply technologies, process and algorithms in ML in relation to computer vision

#### **Course Name: Introduction to**

BlockChain Course Code: PECCS702D Semester: 7 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Computer Networks

### Module 1 [8L]

**Introduction to Blockchain**: Basic Idea, History, Architecture, Conceptualization, Basic Cryptocurrency Primitives (Bitcoin, Ether), Types of Blockchain, Introduction to Mining. Pros and Cons of Blockchain Technology, Concept of Tokenization

### Module 2 [8L]

Consensus Mechanism: Basic Concept, PoW, PoS, DPoS, PoET, PoA, RAFT, Byzantine General's Problem, Practical Byzantine Fault Tolerance, Algorand

### Module 3 [8L]

Smart Contract: Introduction to ethereum and hyperledger architecture, Smart Contract design and concept with respect to both these architectures.

## Module 4 [12L]

**Privacy, Security issues in Blockchain and Various application areas of blockchain**:Pseudoanonymity vs. anonymity, Zcash and Zk-SNARKS for anonymity preservation, attacks on Blockchains – such as Sybil attacks, selfish mining, 51% attacks - -advent of algorand, and Sharding based consensus algorithms to prevent these, Blockchain application areas

# Text Books and/or Reference Material

# Text Books

- 5. "Mastering Bitcoin" by Andreas Antonopoulos
- 6. "The Internet of Money, Volumes 1 3" by Andreas Antonopoulos
- 7. "The Bitcoin Standard" by Saifedean Ammous

## **Reference Books**

- 3. Draft version of "S. Shukla, M. Dhawan, S. Sharma, S. Venkatesan, 'Blockchain Technology: Cryptocurrency and Applications', Oxford University Press, 2019
- 4. Josh Thompson, 'Blockchain: The Blockchain for Beginnings, Guild to Blockchain Technology and Blockchain Programming', Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 2017.

Course Name: Enterprise Systems Course Code: OECCS701A Semester: 7 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Database Management System

## Module 1[8L]

Information System: Components of an information system; Different types of information systems; Management information system, Enterprise Resource Planning: Business modelling; Integrated data model

**Introduction to ERP:** Defining ERP, Origin and Need for an ERP System, Benefits of an ERP System, Reasons for the Growth of ERP Market, Reasons for the Failure of ERP Implementation: Roadmap for successful ERP implementation

# Module 2[8L]

**ERP and Related Technologies:** Organizational Change and Business Process Reengineering, Procurement Process, Production Process, Management Information systems, Decision Support Systems, Executive Information Systems- Advantages of EIS; Disadvantages of EIS, Data Warehousing, Data Mining, On-Line Analytical Processing

# Module 3[8L]

**ERP Implementation Life Cycle:** ERP Tools and Software, ERP Selection Methods and Criteria, ERP Selection Process, ERP Vendor Selection, ERP Implementation Lifecycle, Pros and cons of ERP implementation, Factors for the Success of an ERP Implementation

# Module 4[10L]

**ERP Extensions: An CRM Perspective:** Role of ERP in CRM, Concept of CRM: Objectives of CRM; Benefits of CRM; Components of CRM, Types of CRM: Operational CRM, Analytical CRM, Sales

intelligence CRM, Collaborative CRM, Sub-Modules of CRM: Marketing module; Service module; Sales module

**An SCM Perspective:** The basics of supply chain management (SCM); analyses of roles and objectives of supply chain management. the flows of supply chain management and data warehouses. descriptions and analyses of supply chain integration. The role of Information Technology in supply chain management

# Text Books and/or Reference Material

1. ERP: Making It Happen By (author)Thomas F. Wallace Michael H. Kremzar

2. Enterprise Systems for Management By (author) Luvai F. Motiwalla , Jeff Thompson

3. Enterprise Resource Planning Systems -Systems, Life Cycle, Electronic Commerce, and Risk By (author) Daniel E. O'Leary, University of Southern California

# 8<sup>th</sup> Semester

Course Name: Parallel Computing Course Code: PECCS801A Semester: 8 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Computer Organization and Architecture

## Module 1 [7L]

Introduction – Parallel Processing Environment – Pipelining and Data Parallelism, Scalability, Flynn's Taxonomy, Parallel Processing organization- Mesh, Hyper-tree, Pyramid, Butterfly, Hypercube network.

## Module 2 [11L]

Parallel Algorithms – Structure, cost, Analysis; Elementary Algorithms: Broadcast, Prefix sums, All sums, Algorithms on Selection problem, Merging-Odd-even merging network, CREW Merging, N-ary searching.

Matrix Transposition, Matrix Multiplications – 2D Mesh SIMD, Hypercube SIMD, Shuffle-Exchange SIMD model; Discrete Fourier Transform, Fast Fourier Transform.

## Module 3 [6L]

Linear system of equations – Gaussian Elimination, Gauss-Seidel algorithm, Jacobi algorithm; Sorting – Enumeration sort, Odd-even transposition sort, Bitonic merge Ellis's Algorithm.

## Module 4 [6L]

Graph Algorithms, Spanning Tree Algorithms, Parallel Programming Languages –FORTRAN 90, OCCAM.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

- 1. Parallel Computing Theory and Practice Michael J. Quinn (McGraw Hill Inc.)
- 2. Design and Analysis of Parallel Algorithms- S.G. Akl (PH)

### **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** Describe and apply various techniques for getting an idea of Parallel Processing Environment **CO2:** Introduction to the different Parallel Algorithms

- CO3: Describe different Linear System of Equations
- **CO4:** Introduction to Graph Algorithms and some Parallel programming Languages.

Course Name: Data Analytics Course Code: PECCS801B Semester: 8 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Data Structure and Algorithm, Mathematics and Statistics, Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning Fundamentals

### Module 1 [8L]

**Data Definitions and Analysis Techniques** -Elements, Variables, and Data categorization, Levels of Measurement, Data management and indexing, Introduction to statistical learning

### Module 2 [6L]

Descriptive Statistics- Measures of central tendency, Measures of location of dispersions

### Module 3 [7L]

**Basic Analysis Techniques**-Basic analysis techniques, Statistical hypothesis generation and testing, Chi-Square test, t-Test, Analysis of variance, Correlation analysis, Maximum likelihood test

## Module 4 [8L]

**Data analysis techniques-** Regression analysis, Classification techniques, Clustering, Association rules analysis, Practice and analysis

## Text Books and/or Reference Books

- Probability & Statistics for Engineers & Scientists (9<sup>th</sup> Edn.), Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H. Myers, Sharon L. Myers and Keying Ye, Prentice Hall Inc.
- The Elements of Statistical Learning, Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction (2<sup>nd</sup> Edn.), Trevor Hastie Robert Tibshirani Jerome Friedman, Springer, 2014
- An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, G James, D. Witten, T Hastie, and R. Tibshirani, Springer, 2013
- Software for Data Analysis: Programming with R (Statistics and Computing), John M. Chambers, Springer
- Mining Massive Data Sets, A. Rajaraman and J. Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2012
- Advances in Complex Data Modeling and Computational Methods in Statistics, Anna Maria Paganoni and Piercesare Secchi, Springer, 2013

## **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1.** To review the basic prerequisite concepts of Data Definitions and Analysis Techniques.

CO2. To acquire concepts of Descriptive Statistics

**CO3.** To acquire concepts Basic Data Analysis Techniques.

**CO4.** To acquire the basics of models and how to solve Data Analytics problems using the different models

Course Name: Augmented Reality and Virtual Reality Course Code: PECCS801V Semester: 8 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Computer Graphics

## <u>Module 1 [6L]</u>

## Introduction to augmented reality (AR) and virtual reality (VR)

Modern AR/VR experiences; Bird's-Eye view of hardware, software; Geometry of virtual worlds; Changing position and orientation, axis-angle representations of rotation; Viewing transformations and chaining the transformations;

## Module 2 [10L]

## Realizing vision in virtual environment

Light and optics; Lenses and optical aberrations; Human eye vs camera; Displays; Physiology of Human Vision; Implications of human vision for AR/VR; Visual perception including depth, motion, color; Visual rendering; Ray tracing and shading, rasterization; Enhancing the rendering;

# Module 3 [11L] Motion & interaction in virtual environment

Motion in Real and Virtual Worlds, Human vestibular system; Physics in the virtual world; Tracking 2D and 3D orientation; Tracking position and attached bodies; Environment scanning; Interaction, locomotion, manipulation, additional interactions;

# Module 4 [10L] Extending to other senses in virtual environment

Physics of audio; Physiology of human hearing; Auditory perception and rending; Virtualizing other human senses and receptors; Evaluation of AR/VR experience in terms of training, recommendations, limitations; Application of AR/VR in Internet-of-Things, Android app development.

# Text Books and/or Reference Books

1. Steven LaValle, "Virtual reality." (2016), Cambridge University Press

2. Woodrow Barfield, ed. Fundamentals of wearable computers and augmented reality. CRC press, 2015.

3. Kelly S. Hale, and Kay M. Stanney, eds. Handbook of virtual environments: Design, implementation, and applications. CRC Press, 2015.

4. Dieter Schmalstieg, and Tobias Hollerer. Augmented reality: principles and practice. Addison- Wesley Professional, 2016.

5. William R Sherman, and Alan B. Craig. "Understanding virtual reality—Interface, application, and design." (2003).

## **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** To understand and apply technologies, process and algorithms as fundamental blocks of AR/VR

**CO2:** To understand and apply technologies, process and algorithms for realisation of **CO3:** To understand and apply technologies, process and algorithms for image pre-processing and analysis of images

**CO4:** To understand and apply technologies, process and algorithms in ML in relation to computer vision

Course Name: Data Encryption and Compression Course Code: PECCS801C Semester: 8 Contact Hours: L-T-P: 3-0-0 Credits: 3 Prerequisites: Computer Networks, Cryptography and Network Security

## Module 1 [8L]

## **Data Compression**

Loss less compression, Lossy compression, measure of performance, modeling and coding, different types of models, and coding techniques, Minimum variance Huffman coding, extended Huffman coding, Adaptive Huffman coding. Arithmetic coding, Dictionary coding techniques, LZ 77, LZ 78, LZW.

## Module 2 [6L]

## **Audio Compression**

High quality digital audio, frequency and temporal masking, lossy sound compression,  $\mu$ -law and A-law companding, and MP3 audio standard

## Module 3 [8L]

### **Image Compression**

PCM, DPCM JPEG, JPEG –LS, and JPEG 2000 standards, Intra frame coding, motion estimation and compensation, introduction to MPEG -2 H-264 encoder and decoder

## Module 4 [14L]

### **Data Security**

Security goals, cryptography, stenography cryptographic attacks, services and mechanics. Message integrity, message authentication, MAC, hash function, H MAC, and digital signature algorithm, Malware, Intruders, Intrusion detection system, firewall design, antivirus, techniques, digital Immune systems, biometric authentication, and ethical hacking.

## Text Books and/or Reference Material

### **Text Books**

1. Data Compression and Cryptography, J. S. Katre, Pravin Goyal, TechKnowledge Publications

2. Data Compression, The Complete Reference, 3rd Ed - David Salomon, Springer-Verlag London

## **Reference Books**

1. Data Compression: Methods and Theory, Principles of Computer Science Series, James A. Storer, W.H. Freeman & Company; Later Printing edition

### **Course Outcome:**

**CO1:** Describe and apply various techniques for text compression and also evaluate performance of the coding techniques.

**CO2:** Explain digital audio, companding, perceptual audio coding and MPEG audio compression standard

**CO3:** Describe different lossless and lossy image and video compression techniques and 5 standards

**CO4:** Differentiate between symmetric and asymmetric cryptography and also describe different symmetric cryptographic techniques and standards