

#### **CO-PO Attainment Calculation Process**

# 1.1 Establishing relation between Program Educational Objectives (PEO)s and Program Outcomes (PO)s to setup target level of PO attainment

In this step the PEOs are mapped with POs as

		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
POs a	and.PEOs	Engineeri ng knowled ge	Problem analysis	Design/ develop ment of solutions	Conduct investiga tions of complex problems	Modem tool usage	The engineer and society	Environm ent and sustainab ility	Ethics	Individual and team work	Communi cation	Project managem ent and finance	Life-long learning
	Core Strength	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
PEO 1	Provide solutions for the benefit of society	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Design and Innovation	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PEO 2	Provide technically and commercially feasible solutions	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Personal development and social responsibilitie s	i	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
PEO 3	Energy security awareness, communicatio n skill, professionalis m	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
	get level of atcomes	2.33	2.33	2.33	2.33	1.66	1.66	1.66	1.66	1.33	1.66	1.33	1.33

Table 3.10.1.1

3	High	2	Moderate	1	Low	No Relevance
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1.2 Defining relation between Course Outcomes (COs) and POs for each course to obtain overall CO mapping with each POs



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In this step, COs of each course are mapped with POs. The CO levels corresponding to each PO are averaged to obtain overall CO level for each PO and this is repeated for all courses.

Example: Obtaining overall CO level with each PO for the course PCCCS501.

Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	3	2	2	1					1
CO2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1		2
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2		1		1	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1		2
PCCCS501	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2

Table 1.2.1

The last row of above table is showing the corresponding overall CO levels with each PO for PCCCS501.

## 1.3 Development of overall CO-PO mapping matrix for all courses

The overall CO levels will be obtained for all courses from CO-PO mapping table of each course (Table 1.2.1) and can be expressed in matrix form. Each element of the matrix can be expressed as COPOi, where i denotes serial number of a course and j corresponds jth PO.

Example: A part of the COPO mapping matrix is given below

Course	Sl. No	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
PCCCS50	1	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2
Courses 2	2	1	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
Courses 3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	2
Courses 4	4	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	2
Courses 5	5	3	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Courses 6	6	3	3	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
************		3	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2



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Courses N Nt 3 3 2 3 2 2 2	1 1 1 2
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Table 1.3.1

From the above matrix, the bottom right element can be written as COPO<sub>Nth,12</sub>.

#### 1.4 Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Process

The attainment of COs are evaluated using the existing student data from the examination results, quizzes and laboratory sessions for a course.

CO Attainment value is evaluated using the formula given bellow.

COi in 
$$\% = \frac{\text{sum of marks scored in exam for COi questions}}{\text{sum of marks alloted in exam for COi questions}} \times 100$$

Attainment % of 
$$COi = \frac{Number\ of\ Students\ Scored\ \geq Thresold\ Marks}{Number\ of\ Students\ attempt\ the\ COi\ questions} \times 100$$

(where i is the serial number of CO)

According to the formula those students are considered only who have scored greater than/equal to the 60 % of marks assigned for a particular question.

# 1.5 Computation and construction of overall CO attainment matrix for each course using course assessment tools

The assessment tools for CO attainment of the courses are minor exams, major exam and continuous assessment. The CO attainment levels for each method of assessment are defined below

Definition of CO attainment levels for each method of assessment									
Assessment method	Level	Attainment							
	1	60% of students scoring more than 60% marks							
End Semester Examination (ESE)	2	70% of students scoring more than 60% marks							
	3	80% of students scoring more than 60% marks							
Mid Semester Examination(MSE)	1	60% of students scoring more than 60% marks							



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	2	70% of students scoring more than 60% marks
	3	80% of students scoring more than 60% marks
	1	60% of students scoring more than 60% marks
Continuous Assessment(CA) based on class attendance & assignment	2	70% of students scoring more than 60% marks
	3	80% of students scoring more than 60% marks

Table 1.5.1

Course attainment levels through End Semester Examination (Ei), Mid Semester Examination (Mi) and Continuous Assessment(CAi) assessment method for ith course are obtained using the above table and method-wise marks obtained by students in a course.

# 1.6 Overall Course Outcome (OCO) attainment level for each course is given by

 $OCOi = 0.7 \times Ei + 0.2 \times Mi + + 0.1 \times CAi$  ( i is the serial number of a course.)

Where Ei and Mi represent CO attainment levels using End Semester, Mid Semester assessment methods respectively.

#### Example: Overall CO attainment level for a course

Assessment Tool	Course PCCCS 501						
ESE	3						
MSE	2						
CA	3						
Overall CO	2.80						

Table 1.6.1



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Overall CO attainment level of PCCCS 501

 $OCO_1 = \mathbf{0}.7 \times \mathbf{3} + \mathbf{0}.2 \times \mathbf{2} + \mathbf{0}.1 \times 3 = 2.80$  (1 is the serial number of the course. PCCCS501)

# 1.7 Attainment of PO through CO-PO mapping

Attainment of each PO is calculated using the mapping of respective CO to PO/s and the attainment of each CO using the following equation.

POi =

Sum of Levels of all COs to POi

100

(Where i is the serial number of PO ranges from 1 to 12)

1.8 Calculation and construction of Direct PO attainment matrix using overall CO-PO mapping matrix and overall CO attainment matrix

The direct PO attainment of a course is given by

DCPOi,=COPOi,k×1/3 OCOi

Where i is the serial number of a course, k corresponds to kth PO. COPOi, and OCOi can be obtained from Table 1.3.1 and Table 1.5.1 with formulae respectively for each course.

1. Calculation of overall Direct PO  $DPO_{j} = \frac{1}{p} \sum_{k=1}^{p} DCPO_{j,k}$  attainment.

2. Calculation of Indirect PO attainment. Indirect assessment is done through program student survey, alumni survey and employer survey. Program student's survey is given a weight age of 40%, employer and alumni survey are given a weight age of 30% each. Survey forms were prepared (hard copy and Google form) and distributed among current students, graduating students, alumni and employers. Feedback forms were designed with questions corresponding to POs and PSOs relevant to the program. All the feedback forms are collected and data are tabulated in an excel sheet. Average level for each PO has been calculated using the formula



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$$IPO_{j} = \frac{0.4}{p} \sum_{k=1}^{p} QPO_{j,k} + \frac{0.3}{q} \sum_{k=1}^{q} QPO_{j,k} + \frac{0.3}{r} \sum_{k=1}^{r} QPO_{j,k}$$

Where p is the number of current student participants, q is the number of alumni participants, r is the number of employer participants, j is the number of PO related questions and QPOj, is the level given by pth participant for jth question. IPOj is the indirect attainment of jth PO.

# 3. Computation of overall PO attainment

The formula for calculating overall PO attainment is given by  $OPOj=0.8 \times DPOj+0.2 \times IPOj$ , where j=1...12 (12 POs).

# 4. Comparison of target level and obtained PO attainment

In this step the target levels of PO attainment which were obtained are compared with the attainment computed.

#### Example:

			100									
Sl. No.	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Target level	2.33	2.33	2.33	2.33	1.66	1.66	1.66	1.66	1.33	1.66	1.33	1.33
Actual Attainment <i>OPOj</i>	2.46	2.33	2.05	2.37	1.95	1.62	1.65	1.31	1.42	1.53	1.22	1.75
Remarks	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y
			Y: Ta	rget Ac	hieved.	N: Targ	et Not	Achieve	d			

Table 1.8.1

Prof. Dr. Debika Bhattacharyya, Controller of Examinations, IEM, Kolkata